## IRIT OF JEFFERSON

BY JAMES W. BELLER. he "SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON" is published every Tuesday Morning, at \$2 in advance—\$2.50 if paid within the year—or \$3 if not paid until after the expiration of the year,

Of ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 per square, for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid and CHARGED ACCORDINGLY.

BALTIMORE LOCK HCSPITAL,

DR. JOHNSTON,

OSSESSES the most speedy and effectual remedy
in the world for all

Secret Diseases: onorrhog, Gleets, Strictures, Seminal Weakness tins in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Blad-Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Loss of Organic Powers, Nervous Irritability, Bisease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those Peculiar Disorders arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, which if not cured, produces Constitutional Debility, renders Marriage impossible, and in the end destroys both body and mind.

Young Men.

Young Men.

Young Men especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Scantes with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call

pence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call ith full confidence.

Marriage. Married Persons or those contemplating marriage, sing aware of physical weakness, or any other im-ediment, should immediately consult Dr. Johnston. OFFICE No. 7, SOUTH FREDERICK St., seven doors from Baltimore street, East side, up the steps.

63-Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place. Be not enticed from

A Cure Warranted or no Charge, in from One to two days.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, and the very extensive practice of Dr. Johnston (exceeding all others) is a sufficient gua antee that he is the

only proper Physician to be consulted.

Dr. Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London
Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the
United States, and the greater part of whose life has
been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astanishing course that war area largery.

Many troubled hing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the cars and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended some-times with derangement of mind, were cured immedi-

A Certain Disease. When the misguided and impudent votary of plea-sure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disstre finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of
shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability,
can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional
symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance,
such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal
pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on
the head, face, and extremities, progressing on with
frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth
or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this
awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to their dreadful sufferawful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to their dreadful sufferings by sending them to "that bourne from whence
no traveller returns." To such therefore, Dr. JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable
secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first
hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently
recommend the most safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melanchaly fact, that thousands fall victims It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness or ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or makes the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfiting them for either business or society. These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dinness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dispersia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consequences of the Power of the

much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for General Debility.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who

had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved.—
All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental
Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Trembling and
Weakness, or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind,
are speedily cured. Young Men Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, andulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned

andulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young mun, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit.—Such persons before contemplating

Marriage,

Marriage,
should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote communial happiness.
Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect learly darkens to the view; the anind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the hap-piness of another becomes blighted with our own. Weakness of the Organs

To Strangers.

The many thousands of the most desperate and hopeless cases cured at this institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

There are so many ignorant and worthless There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks copying Dr. Johnston's advertisement, and advertising themselves as physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to chose unacquainted with his reputation that his cre-dentials or diplomas always have in his Office. ALL LETTERS MUST BE POST-PAID—REME DIES sent to any part of the country.

OFFICE-No. 7, South Frederick St., East side.-

THE BRITISH QUARTERLIES,

BLACK WOOD'S MAGAZINE.
LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
New York, continues to Re-publish the following
British Periodicals, viz:
1. THE LONBON QUARTERLY REVIEW, Conservative. 2. THE EDINBURGH REVIEW, Whig.
3. THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW, Free Church.

4. THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW, Liberal.
5. BLACKWOOD'S EDINEURGH MAGAZINE, Tory.

THE present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the year 1854. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-items, crude speculations, and flying rumors of the daily Journal, and the ponderous Tome of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that readers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable historian to the property of the state of t tory of current events, and as such, in addition to their well-established literary, scientific, and theolo-

their well-established literary, scientific, and theological character, we urge them upon the consideration of the reading public.

Arrangements are in progress for the receipt of early sheets from the British Publishers, by which we shall be able to place all our Reprints in the hands of subscribers, about as soon as they can be furnished with the foreign copies. Although this will involve a very large outlay on our part, we shall continue to furnish the Periodicals at the same low rates as here-For any one of the four Reviews......\$3.00

For Blackwood's Magazine. 3.00

For Blackwood and three Reviews. 9.00

For Blackwood and the four Reviews. 10.00

\*\*Payments to be made in all cases in advance. ev current in the State where issued will be re-

Clubbing. A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: copie of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for \$9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for \$30; and so on.

In all the principal Cities and Towns, these works will be delivered, through Agents, FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the Postage to any part of the United States will be but twenty-four cents a year for "Blackwood," and but twelve cents a year for each of the Reviews. unications should always

Remittances and communications saucha be addressed, post-paid, to the Publishers,
LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,
54 Gold street, New York.

N. B.—L. S. & Co. have recently published, and ave now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by tenry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton, or ale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal cravings. Price in muslin binding, \$6.

This work is nor the old "Book of the Farm," tely resuscitated and thrown upon the market.

December 27, 1853. FRUIT TREES.

THAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Wm. Lucas, near Hall Town, a large number of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public are nware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—My Peach Trees, especially, sre very fine. My terms are accommodating.

JAMES STRONICK. ober 25, 1853.

neap and Nice Articles for Ladies. 500 from 12; cents to \$2 apiece; Finast Gra ndkerchief, 25 cents, very fine French Mous-tiful patterns, 25 cents a yard; Mouslin de cents a yard; Velvet Trimmings 6; cents a ench Kid Gloves 50 cents a pair, a. s. f. ber 23, 1853 WANTED, WANTED.

2,000 Lbs. Country Soap, 5,000 lbs. Rags.
The highest prices will be paid in goods.
February 7, 1854; JERE, HARRIS.

AGRICULTURE, MANUFACTURES, COMMERCE, AND NAVIGATION, THE FOUR PILLARS OF OUR PROSPERITY-MOST THRIVING WHEN LEFT MOST FREE TO INDIVIDUAL ENTERPRISE

RIPPLES FROM THE OCEAN.

sorrows laying "too deep for tears"-if fash-

ion builds up a fort between the spirit and its

affections-or if, like every-day humanity,

they yield in turn to the hopes and joys, and doubts and fears! Oh, if fashion could shield

the heart, who would not court her presence!

Somebody has written, "time cures all!"

False, false! It never would have been said, had

he who, wrote, ever felt that horrible sinking of

the heart which follows the waking up of

some dear life-dream! that yearning for the

familiar smile which has darkened away till

only clouds are around us. Time may fold a

kindly wing over love laying in its grave, for

we look on and through the mist of years to

the resurrection and another life, but when we

are called to mourn the falsehood of the liv-

ing, there is nothing between this and eterni-

ty to which we can turn for consolation!

Like children in the dark, we are afraid to

think, yet unable to shut out the tide of mem-

ory! Words of love, which we have pressed

constantly mocking our anguish. It comes

but once in a life-time-that fearful turning

in the tide of affection-when we know the

past must be cast from us, yet dare not tear

away the shelter of our lives to stand so fear-

fully alone! when we catch at the faintest

hope, as the drowning catch at straws-when

their hold around the self-created idol, and

clasp in its stead the shadow of a great sor-

row-when a chance word or tone or note of

music will burst over the spirit in a flood of

with its luxuriant appliances, could spread out

for our feet a carpet of gold, would our heart moan the less for the familiar form upon which

it leaned? What if fame could wreath the

brow with its brightest laurels, could we hear

the applause of the whole world, if that one

voice to which we yielded deference was si-

lent? What if all the nations under the

sun were gazing upon us with reverent ad-

miration, could we feel a glow of pride, while

the glance we yearn for most is coldly with-

Oh, no! no! say what you will, we

love but once, and that once forever! happy

they who never love, and the world is full of

laughing happy faces mask a sepulchre with-

in-if the lonely chamber, seeluded but from

ing, which time, nor scene, nor place, can re-

the facilities may be for external happiness

the best and wisest of us all have our sor-

rows and know our own grievances. It is just

as easy to imitate the example of Him who

"went about doing good" as it is to plant

thorns where there might spring up roses, or

passing over the motes in our own eyes to

seek for, and exaggerate, the beams within our

I am getting to lecture bravely-don't you

think so? Such sombre ripples will not often

drift from my spirit to yours, but there are

times, when to write at all, one must make an

inkstand of their own heart-and this is one

of my melancholy evenings. Thank God they

do not come often, or my favoritism with

the dashing, happy-go-lucky, light-hearted contributors of the "Spirit," would soon be

among the things that were !- Spirit of the

LOVE-HOW TO SECURE IT.

between friends and lovers cannot be secured

strong, and perpetually augmenting, except by

the intervention of some interest which is not

personal, but which is common to them both,

and towards which their attentions and pas-

sions are directed with still more animation

than even towards each other. If the whole

attention is to be directed, and the whole

sentimentalism of the heart concentrated on

each other; if it is to be an unvaried. 'I to-

wards you and you towards me,' as if each

were to the other not an ally or companion

joined to pursue happiness, but the very end and object—happiness itself; if it is the cir-

still reflecting back the gaze of mind, and re-

gen, or it will go out; and, by oxygen

of virtue, improvement, utility, the pleasures

mean a mutual admiration and pursuit

.... Pain and pleasure, good and evil,

come to us from unexpected sources. It is

HAMLET'S ADVICE TO LADIES. "Put your bonnet to its right use; his for the head, and not for the neck,"

"I have often contended that attachment

neighbors.

THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property, Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. Capital \$100,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

THE attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of equity, justice, and economy.

ples of equity, justice, and economy.

HOME OFFICE—WINCHESTER, VA.

JOS. S. CARSON, President. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary.

DIRECTORS. Jos. S. Carson,
James P. Riely,
H. H. M'Guyre,
N. W. Richards James H. Burgess, Lloyd Logan, John Kerr,

B. W. HERBERT. Agent for Jefferson county. August 2, 1853-1y

Testimonfals. WINCHESTER, MAY 27, 1853. We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our opinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saying that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the President and Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have insured our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merits.

J. H. Sherrard, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va. Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senator. Jacob Sensenv, Esq., Merchant, Winchester. T. A. Tidball, Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Incorporated 1810.--Charter Perpetual.
Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing it to \$250,000.

PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will admit. Applications for Insurance may be made of

B. W. HERBERT,
In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J.
P. Brov N, Esq., who will attend to them promptly.
Persons at a distance address through the mail.
N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commis-sions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks thus arising. January 2, 1854-1y

FOR SALE.

A PAIR OF HORSES, CARRIAGE
AND HARNESS. Both Horses work well, in single or double harness, and ride well.
Will be sold separately if desired.
For further particulars apply to
WM. C. BROWN,

Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 7, 1854. NOTICE.

HAVE, within the past four weeks, taken particu lar pains to have every open account on my books made off and presented to the persons to whom they belonged, and, also, given two several notices to all

those indebted to me, on any account, to settle the respective dues—and I take this occasion to present to those who have liquidated them my sincere thanks. But the principal object of this notice is to remind those, I trust for the last time, who have not paid, that they will confer on me a fave, if they will call and pay on or before the 15th of the next month. After which time their respective balances will be disposed of in such way as will best suit my business transactions. PHILIP COONS. Harpers-Ferry, January 31, 1854.

MEMORANDUM: I will sell my STOCK OF GOODS, either in whole or part, which consists of algood terms. From this day I will close out my stock at the very lowest prices for cash; and to my old customers on time, and my usual terms.

To an active man, this is an excellent opportunity for investment in a mercantile adventure, where \$25,000 may be sold annually at a good profit and the chief of it for cash. I will rent my STORE-HOUSE, which is large and convenient, with or without the DWELLING, for one or five years, or trade the whole for land or good paper and either give or receive the difference in valu

CHARLESTOWN ACADEMY. THE Friends and Patrons of the Charlestown Academy are hereby informed that from this date, the post of Associate Teacher in the Academy, will be filled by Mr. Josian Ryland, a graduate of a Virginia Institution, who has had several years expe rience in teaching, and brings the highest testime nials of scholarship and of moral worth. P. H. POWERS,

January 31, 1854.

PHILIP COOMS.

February 7, 1854. at low prices by January 31, 1854. JERE. HARRIS.

NOTICE. THE Subscribers have a very superior Sett of Saw Mill castings entirely new, together with Car-riage, Ragwheel and Saw Gate, Saw and Fender Posts, including every thing connected with the most improved Mill, which they will sell at private sale, on very low and accommodating terms. Persons wanting to build a Mill would do well to give us a

January 31, 1851. ZIMMERMAN & CO. DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP The Copartnership heretofore existing between JOHN T. RIELEY and A. G. McDANIEL was dissolved on the 6th instant by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by John T. Rieley. JOHN T. RIELEY, A. G. McDANIEL.

Harpers-Ferry, February 7, 1854. THE BOOT & SHOE BUSINESS. THE BOOT & SHOE BUSINESS in all its various branches, will be continue at the OLD STAND by the undersigned where he will be glad to see all their old tomers with as many new ones as may be pleased t call. JOHN T. RIELEY. Harpers-Ferry, February 7, 1854. 10 PIECES 4-4 Osnaburgs;

heavy Twills, for Servants' pants; 10 do Penitentiary Plaid; Brown and bleached Sheeting and Shirting; Patent Thread, Knitting Cotton; 10 pieces Nankin. Just received and for sale by February 7, 1854. T. C. SIG AFOOSE. A'T COST.-1 will commence this morning clos-ing out my entire STOCK OF LADIES DRESS GOODS, at strictly prime cost. Those wishing bargains will please give me an early call.

February 7, 1854.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE. PURE CIDER VINEGAR, in store and to sale by [Feb 7] T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

ANTED .- All kinds of COUNTRY PRO-VV DUCE will be taken in exchange for Goods. February 7, 1854. T. C. SIGAFOOSE. N. Y. SYRUP.—I have a very fine article of N. Y. Syrup, which is superior to any before offered, which I will sell low. February 7, 1854. T. RAWLINS.

SUGAR.—I have just opened a very fine article of N. O. Sugar, which I will sell for 64 cents, and a still better article of Porto Rico, which I sell for 8 cents. Call soon or you will lose a bargain.
February 7, 1854. T. RAWLINS. TO CABINET MAKERS.-I have a fine as A sortment of Coffin Handles, Tacks, Screws Hinges of every description and of different prices,

MEDICAL LIQUORS.—I have a few more bottles of MEDICAL LIQUORS, such as Port and Madeira Wine, Punch, Extract, Schiedam Scnapps, Palc, Dark, Lavender and Raspberry Brandy, which I will sell low in order to close out my stock, to make room for other articles.

February 7, 1854. THOMAS RAWLINS. CARRIAGE BOLTS.—Just received a large lot of Carriage Bolts, 1 by 2 inches to 2 by 41 inches long. I also have on hand two first-rate Cook Stoves, which I will sell at cost to get them out of m way. [Feb. 7.] T. RAWLINS. STRONG CIDER VINEGAR, for sale by Jan. 10. A. W. CRAMER. POR THE LADIES.—Patterns for Collars
Bands and Undersleeves, printed on Nansook
fuslin.

KEYES & KEARSLEY.

OVET'S WHAMPENE.—This article is recommended as one of the best preparations use for renovating and restoring hair—price \$1. For sale by February 14, 1854.

NAMILY AND EXTRA FLOUR, of mos P approved brands, for sale by Feb 14. H. L. EBY & SON. TOBACCO AND SEGARS,-A superior lo nd Segars, just received b H. L. EBY & SON. WOLP'S SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, a suorating Cordial. For sale by H. L. EBY & SON.

SCOTCH SNUFF, Garrett's 2d Quality, in bottles and papers for sale by February 21 H. L. EBY & SON. ROCK, Fine and G. A. SALT, for sale by February 21. H. L. EBY & SON. ary 21. BAKER'S Broma, Cocoa and Chocolate, for sale February 21. H. L. EBY & SON. GARDEN SEEDS.—A fresh supply just re-ceived and for sale by H. L. EBY & SON. ANDLES. Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles, by box, for sale by February 21. H. L. EBY & SON, TEA.—The best Gunpowder and Imperial for sale by Feb 21 H. L. EBY & SO ADIES' SHOES, Ladies best Phil

## CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1854. Poetry.

BURY ME IN THE MORNING. BY MRS. HALE. Bury me in the morning, mother, Oh! let me have the light Of let me have the light
Of one bright day on my grave, mother
Ere you leave me alone with the night;
Alone in the night of the grave, mother—
'Tis a thought of terrible fear!—
And you will be here alone, mother,
And stars will be shining here.

So bury me in the morning, mother, And let me have the light Of one bright day on my grave, mother, Ere I am alone with night. You tell me of the Saviour's love, mother-I feel it in my heart: But oh! from this beautiful world, mother. 'Tis hard for the young to part! Forever to part, when here, mother,

The soul is fain to stay, For the grave is deep and dark, mother And Heaven seems far away, Then bury in the morning, mother, And let me have the light Of one bright day on my grave, mother, Ere I am alone with night. Never unclasp my hand, mother,

Till it falls away from thine—
Let me hold the pledge of my love, mother,
Till I feel the love divine;
The love divine—oh! look, mother, Above its beams I see; And there an angel's face, mother, Is smiling down on me!
So bury me in the morning, mother,
When sunbeams flood the sky—
And leads to light on high.

AN IMITATION. FROM THE WASHINGTON SENTINEL. If thou hast crushed the rose Whose graceful contour charmed thee, Its sweets will still return In perfumed air around thee; But hast thou trampled on

Affection's pure devotion. No sweets will bless thy path Upon life's wintry ocean: Nor canst thou think to win again Love's diadem to crown thee; Dost seek it mid gay-pleasure's depths? Waves of despair will drown thee! Hast thou the maple pierced,

Its honied story revealing?
It pours its fountain forth To enrich thine humble shealing! But if to one true heart A shaft of pain thou'st driven, No honey thence will flow To heal the gem thus riven: And Nemesis will pay thee back With interest secure, Each bitter pang of misery

That heart was made endure. Hast caused the tears to flow From eyes with fondness beaming? Love's light will form them in a bow Thy careless word redeeming. But if the soul's deep fount Hath gushed forth at thy feet. If thou hast sought the offering To spurn it as unmeet: Believe not earth will bring again This coldly wasted treasure!

### Miscellaneous.

Thy hollow heart shall ache with pain

For love that knew no measure.

ESTIMABLE CHARACTERISTICS OF WOMEN. I do not mean to tell you there are no women in the world vulgar, and ill humored, rancorous and narrow-minded, mean schemers, son-in-law hunters, slaves of fashion, hypocrites; but I do respect, and admire, and almost worship good women, and I think there is a very fair number of such to be found in this world, and I have no doubt in every educated Englishman's circle of society, whether he finds that circle in places in Belgravia and Mary Fair, in snug little suburban villas, in ancient comfortable old Bloomsbury, or in back NEW Crop N. O. Sugar; Java Coffee, prime: Rio do.; Tea, Green and Black; Molasses N. O., first runnings; Syrup, N. Y., extra nice; Crushed, Powdered and Loaf Sugar; Sperm Oil; Brandies, Winesand Whiskey: Vinegar best in the town; Beans and Dried Apples; Bacon, Lard, &c., &c., for sale at low prices by py and pure-minded, and I urge the society of such to you, because I defy you to think evil in their company. Walk into the drawingroom of Lady Z., that great lady; look at her charming face and listen to her voice. She is one of those fortunate beings on whom it has pleased heaven to bestow all sorts of most precious gifts and worldly favors. With what a grace she receives you; with what a frank kindness and natural sweetness and dignity Her looks, her motions, her words, her thoughts. all seem to be beautiful and harmonious quite. See her with her children. What woman can be more simple and loving? After you have talked to her a while, you very likely find that she is ten times as well read as you are; slie has a hundred accomplishments which

she is not in the least anxious to show off, and makes no more account of them than of her diamonds, or of the splendor round about her -to all of which she is born, and has a happy, admirable claim of nature and possessionadmirable and happy for her and for us too; for is it not happiness for us to admire her? Now transport yourself in spirit, my good Rob, into another drawing room. There sits an old lady of more than fourscore years, serene and kind; and as beautiful in her age now, as in her youth, when history toasted her. What has she not seen, and is not she ready to tell? All the fame and wit, all the rank and beauty, of more than half a century, have passed, through those rooms where you have the honor of making your best bow. She is as simple now as if she never had any flattery to dazzle her; she is never tired of being pleased and being kind. Can that have been anything but a good life which, after eighty years of it are spent, is so calm? Could she look to the end of it so cheerfully, if its long course had not been pure? Respect her I say for being so happy, now that she is old. We do not know what goodness and charity, what affections, what trials, may have gone to make that charming sweetness of temper, and complete that perfect manner. But if we do not

admire and reverence such an old age, as that, and get good from contemplating it, what are we to respect and admire.

Or shall we walk through the shop and see Mrs. N., playing with the child in the back parlor until N. shall come to tea? They drink what is reciprocated, that is to supply perreperent the clear grit, vote for me; if you think Manial interest to affection; if it is to be mind jor R—of a better stripe than I am, vote tea at five o'clock; and are actually as well-bred as those gentlefolks who dine three hours later. Or will you please to step into Mrs. J.'s lodgings, who is waiting, and at work until her husband comes home from Chambers ?-She blushes and puts away the work on hearing the knock, but when she sees who the visitor is, she takes it with a smile from behind the sofa cushions, and behold it is one of J.'s waistcoats on which she is sewing buttons.— She might have been a countess blazing in diamonds, had fate so willed it, and the higher her station, the more would she have adorned it. But she looks so charming while playing her needle as the great lady in the palace whose equal she is, in beauty, in goodness, in high-bred grace and simplicity;—at last I can't fancy her better, or any peeress being more

And it is with these sort of peole, My dear Bob, that I recommend you to consort, if you can be solucky as to meet with their society. Thackeray's Letters to Young Men. ... Though nothing can be more galling to a generous spirit than to be placed under obligation by meanness, it is purely delightful to be beholden to one of its own calibre.—

than her peer.

Charity is, then, twice blessed, when the giver and the receiver are equally elevated above the selfish and sordid feelings of vulgar hu-A Lawyer, on his death-bed, willed his whole property to the lunatic asylum, saying that he desired it should go to the same

class of persons he took it from.

THE POWER OF HABIT. Past twelve o'clock! Without, the soft still John B. Gough, the temperance advocate, night lays like a dream upon the sleeping vil-lage, while within, graceful forms and beautiaddressed an immense andience in Exeter Hall, London, a few weeks ago, and produced a deep impression. We clip the following from a London paper of December 2d: ful faces are passing and repassing—for you must know that we fashionable denizens of Newport take up the day where the working The orator went on to combat the notion

that a habit can be broken off at any time; and he did so by a series of vivid illustrations, people lay it down! I say we, although I have little to do in the matter, except with my old one of which produced intense excitement. accustomed habit of dreaming, to nestle away "I remember riding from Buffalo to the Niagara Falls, and I said to a gentleman in some quiet corner, and read more of human character in the mass before me than many of them would like to hear! I plead guilty to "What river is that, sir?" "That," he said, "is Niagara river." . "Well, it is a beautiful the charge of never being surprised at any thing, but I have an old habit of wondering stream," said I; "bright, fair, and glassy; if such and such a circumstance ever happen-ed to such or such a person; and so I find how far off are the rapids?" "Only a mile or two," was the reply. "Is it possible that only a mile from us we shall find the water in myself, scarcely knowing why, wondering if the seemingly gay and happy crowd around me are suscepible to the impulses which are supposed to govern the world at large—if ever the turbulence which it must show when near the Falls ?" " You will find it so sir:" and so I found it; and that first sight of the Niagara I will never forget. Now, launch your they have head-aches and heart-aches, and

> beautiful, and glassy. There is a ripple at the bow; the silver wake you leave behind adds to your enjoyment. "Down the stream you glide, oars, sails and helm in proper trim, and you set out on your pleasure excursion. Suddenly some one cried outfrom the bank: "Young men, ahoy!"
> "What is it?" "The rapids are below you." 'Ha, ha! we have heard of the rapids, but we are not such fools as to get there. If we go too fast, then we shall up with the helm and steer to the shore; we will set the mast

bark on that Niagara river; it is bright, smooth,

in the socket, hoist the sail and speed to land. Then on, boys, don't be alarmed; there's no danger." "Young men, ahoy there!"-"What is it?" "The rapids are below you."
"Ha, ha! we will laugh and quaff; all things delight us,"

What care we for the future? No man ever saw it. Sufficient for the day is the evil thereof. We will enjoy life while we may away in our hearts like flowers in books, are we will catch pleasure as it flies. This is enjoyment, time enough to steer out of danger when we are sailing swiftly with the current. "Young men, ahoy!" "What is it? "Beware, beware! The rapids are below you."-Now you see the water foaming all around. See how fast you pass that point! Up with the helm! Now turn! quick!-pull for your lives !- pull till the blood starts from the noswe dwell with a refinement of anguish upon cursing, howling, blaspheming, over they

> "Thousands go over the rapids every year, through the power of evil habits, crying all the while, "when I find out that it is injuring me I will give it up."

bitterness, mocking that assumption of "peace where there is no peace." What if wealth, In conclusion the speaker warned young men in every impressive language, that they could not even by-penitence, amendment, and a long life of religion and usefulness, wash out the stain of early dissipation, nor always banish the accusing spectres that would rise even in their holiest moment.

> VIRTUE ITS OWN REWARD. Every man, under God, has his destiny in his own hands. If he will be virtuous, he may be. If he is virtuous, he cannot but be happy. Like the suffering Redeemer, he may and will be "a man of sorrow and acquainted with grief;" but his consolation shall flow like a river, and his righteousness and happiness

such-who gather to their hearts that calm shall roll like the waves of a peaceful sea; folquiet affection which is only love's shadow. lowing one after another unill they bear him to and so living, escape the anguish and sufthe bright and beautiful land beyond the tomb. ering which, since the first sin, has been Reader! art thou poor? art thou persecuted the doom and the punishment for too much lovby enemies? Still "hope on, hope ever," be the motto of thy life. Still be virtuous and And so, as of old, I sit in the shadows, and your triumph shall be certain. I do not know watch the fashionable crowd, reflecting and a single young man who started with me in reasoning, and wondering the while if the life, guided by a virtuous intent, who has failed of success. Many of that class are scattered to and fro in the earth. Fierce and pelthe "All-seeing eye," hears other sounds, and ting storms beat upon them to this day, but evprisons other sights than such as are open to ery one of them now living who has been virtuous, has won for himself a good degree in his sphere; and many shall rise up and bless

the general view-if there are sorrows which wealth cannot heal, heart-burnings which fashion cannot stifle, hopes crushed and dythe hour when these young men were born. PLEASURE. vive, and when I wonder that there is so little Blessed be the hand that prepares a pleaof kindness and charity in the world, when sure for the child? for there is no saying when we have need of so much, and pray-after and where it may again bloom forth. Does my fashion that I may never give pain to the not almost every body remember some kindhumblest of God's being, for however many hearted man who showed him a kindness in

the quiet days of his childhood? The writer of this recollects himself at this moment as a bare-footed lad, standing at the wooden fence of a poor little garden in his native village with longing eyes he gazed on the flowers which were blooming there quietly in the brightness of a Sunday morning. The possessor came forth from his little cottage-he was a wood cutter by trade-and spent the whole week at his work in the woods. He was come into his garden to gather flowers to stick in his coat when he went to church .-He saw the boy, and breaking off the most beautiful of his carnations-it was streaked with red and white-gave it to him. Neither the giver not the receiver spoke a word; and with bounding steps the boy ran home; and now, here at a vast distance from that home, after so many events of so many years, the feelings of gratitude which agitated the breast of that boy, expresses itself on paper!

The carnation is long since withered, but it now blooms afresh.—Douglas Jerrold. A Model Speech .- We commend the following speech to the careful study of all candidates before the people. It was delivered in Illinois by a candidate for the Legislature, is brief and pithy, and the man who made it

was elected, as he deserved to be: "Fellow-Citizens: I am no speech-makerbut what I say, I'll do. I've lived among you twenty years-if I've shown myself a clever fellow, you know it without a speech; if I'm not a clever fellow, you know that too, and wouldn't forget it with a speech. I'm a cancomstance of reciprocation itself, and not didate for the Legislature-if you think I'm for him. The fact is, either of us will make a good Representative!"

flecting it again, cherub towards cherub, as on the ark, and no luminary or glory between A SINGULAR CASE UNDER THE "MAINE LAW."—A few days ago the sheriff of Norfolk county, Mass., in the discharge of his official duty seized and sold, under writ of execution, a quantity of goods and merchandise, including two barrels of brandy; and on Wednesday last he was surprised by finding himself arraigned for violating the prohibitory liquor law—He plead not guilty, and alledged that he but discharged his sworn duty. The court, however, held that he had violated the prohibitory law, and he was fined \$10 and costs, and ordered to give bonds in \$1,000 not to violate the law, for one year and to stand committed until these orders were complied with. He repeated that he had acted in this case only in the discharge of his duty as Sheriff of the county of Norfolk; that he was under \$20,000 bonds, and under oath to discharge all the obligations of his office and should therefore, respectfully decline to pay the fine and costs, or to give the bonds, as required; whersupon he was ordered to be committed. A SINGULAR CASE UNDER THE "MAINE LAW."-A them to supply beams and warmth to both —I fore see that the hope will disappoint, the plan will fail. Attachment must burn in oxyof taste, or some other interesting concern, which shall be the element of their commerce, and make them love each other not only for each other, but as devotees to some third object which they both adore. The affections of the soul will feel a dissatisfaction and a recoil, if, as they go forth, they are entirely intercepted and stopped by any object that is not ideal; they wish rather to be like rays of light glancing on the side of an object, and then sloping and passing away; they wish the power of elongation, through a series of interesting points, on towards infinity."—Foster.

On the Weight of Man.—At the British Association, Mr, Milner said that season seemed to have an influence on the weight of man. He had weighed the prisoners in Hull Jail for five years, and had found that they regularly increased in weight from April to November, and decreased in weight from November to March. The diet was the same all the not there, where we have gathered up our brightest hopes, that the dawn of happiness breaks. It is not there, where we have glanced our eye with affright, that we find the deadliest gloom. What should this teach us? To bow to the great and only Source of light and life humbly, and with confiding resignation. or found, as was also the temperature. . Man is but a little thing in the midst

the objects of Nature; yet, by the moral quality radiating from his countenance, he may abol-ish all considerations of magnitude, and in his manners, equal the majesty of the world.

... The title "Czar" is a corruption of the world "Czesar," which was originally assumed as a title of honor by the grand dukes and recently assumed by the emperors of Russia.

FRIGHTFUL STEAMBOAT DISASTER.

The telegraph has announced the destruction of the steamboat Caroline, on White River, and the loss of forty or fifty lives. The Western papers received yesterday supply the particulars of the horrible calamity.

The Memphis and White river packet Caroline took fire in White river, about twelve miles above the mouth, between the hours of two and three o'clock, on the afternoon of the 5th, and was totally destroyed.—Some 40 or 50 lives were lost

Extras of the Memphis Whig and Appeal, give particulars of the fire, obtained from the captain and clerk of the Caroline. The fire originated about the boilers. All attempts to check it proved unavailing, and in a few minutes the whole boat was wrapped in flames. John Price, the pilot at the wheel, ran the boat immediately to a bank, some twenty feet high, the only place not covered by water. He lost his life. The accounts then go on to say:

A general rush by men, women and children, was now made to the forceastle, by the cabin passengers, to avoid the destruction that awaited us from the devouring element; which was gaining ground with the rapidity of lightning—which at the same time drove the deck passengers and crew aft. Soon the yawl was lowered by the deck hands and sooner was it filled by dozens of frightened beings, scorched and devoid of reason by fright, and then sunk. While this awful scene was going on aft, every cabin passenger save one or two, had gained the forecastle, ready to take the fearful leap, preferring a watery grave to being burned to death. So soon as the bow struck the bank, fifty-one persons leaped on shere and left destruction behind them, and after reaching dry land scampered in every direction to escape the effects of anticipated explosion of boilers, powder, reaching dry land scampered in every direction to escape the effects of anticipated explosion of boilers, powder,

&c.
Capt. James Creighton was seen to let himself down from the boiler deck on to the lower guard, and deliberately draw his boots and coat, and let himself into the water. He was then seen giving the Odd Fallows' signal of distress, and immediately sunk.
Captain Taylor was saved by the steward of the boat. Mr. Ewing, the bar-keeper, was also saved. A lad who was in Mr. Ewing's employ ran down on the forecastle, but becoming hewildered rushed back into the flames and perished.
Out of ten deck hands that Captian Folger brought

Out of ten deck hands that Captian Folger brought with him from St. Louis, eight were burned.

There was about \$5,000 of money in the safe belonging to passengers, not one dollar of which was saved.—

Mr. Penn, who was a passenger on board, lost between \$3.000 and \$4.000 \$3,000 and \$4,000.

There were many deck passengers, almost all of whom were lost. The principal sufferers were women and children, who, not being able to get about with the same alacrity as the men, perished either in the flames or in the water.

The Caroline, after burning until the water rushed in The Caroline, after burning until the water rushed in at her stern, slid off the bank and sunk to the bottom.— In about a minute she re-appeared and raised herself out of the water, bow-foremost, about twenty-five feet. She then broke in two, and settled down gradually until she was entirely out of sight. So rapidly did the whole occur that it was scarcely known that she was on fire before she was a shapeless and unsightly mass lying in the bottom of the stream over whose bosom she had so often glided in beauty.

glided in beauty.

The boat and cargo, and loss of passengers, is estimated at \$150,000. The boat was insured at Memphis for \$5,000. Her cost last summer was \$12,000.

The St. Louis papers give some additional particulars the forward steps which lead to the forecastle, and from which they jumped to the only dry spot in sight. A number of persons, passengers and crew jumped into the river, a few of whom succeeded in saving themselves.

The sumber of lives lost, as stated above, is estimated at fifty one. They were chiefly emigrants is very indi-gent eircumstances, mostly women and children, con-stituting families removing from Tennessoe. Nearly ev-ery member of three or four families was lost. One man lost his wife and four or five small children, and other families there was scarcely one left to tell who they were. Eight deck hands and firemen were lost out of a crew of ten or twelve Both pilots were lost out of a crew of ten or twelve Both pilots were lost. One is said to have been burnt while at the wheel, but this is contradicted. Nothing was saved from the boat, and after burning to the water's edge she is said to have blown cut into the river and entirely disappeared. The persons who succeeded in reaching the knoll of land were in that situation for two or three hours, the water all the while rising rapidly and threatening to wash them away, when the steamer Naomi, as above stated, hove in sight

[From the Louisville Courier, 15th inst.]

Another Disasterous Steamboat Accident - Explosion of the Steamer Reindeer - 35 to 40 Persons Killed and We are indebted to our friend R. Brown, Esq., of New Castle, Kentucky, who arrived here last night on the steamer Europa, for the following particulars of another disasterous steamboat accident : The steamer Reindeer, hence for St. Louis, about 91 o'clock on Monday night, after having taken on a quantity of coal at Cannelton, and while rounding out from the landing, collapsed a flue, both ends being blown out of the boiler with terrific force and fatal effect. The Europa, which was a short distance ahead, hearing persons struggling in the water, immediately sent her yawl to their assistance. Only one man was rescued, but some five or six hats were found in the water. Several ast part of the boat, were saved by the Reindeer's As soon as possible, the Europa lashed to the

Reindeer and towed her to shore, when medical aid was procured from Hawsville and Cannelton. Mr. Brown describes the scene as exceedingly painful an I distressing. Some two or three perwere lying dead. Two or three more died soon afterwards, while some thirty-five more, some of them terribly scalded, and many of whom will probably die, were lying on mattresses, groaning and begging piteously for water. Everything pos-sible was done for their relief. It is thought several were blown overboard and drowned. Only one cabin passenger, a young man, was injured. The others were all deck passengers and the firemen

CONVICTION AND SENTENCE OF MRS. HAMMER FOR ILL-TREATING HER CHILD.

PHICADELPHIA, March 18 .- Mrs. Hammer was convicted in the Quarter Sessions, yesterday, for abusing her child in the most outrageous manner, and this morning was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. Among her cruelties to the poor litle child, it will be remembered that it was alleged she applied a kot iron to his naked flesh, leaving a terrible scar. This she denied when called up for entence, saying that it was burned accidentally by affat iron falling upon him while she was iron-

At the announcement of the sentence, Mrs. Ham-mer swooned, and Mr. Hammer, (who was tried and acquited on the same charge,) laboring under great feeling, while the tears run rapidly down his cheeks, asked permission to say a few words, which was granted, when he made a strong appeal that she should not be sent to prison, as he feared her reason would be entirely overthrown or her life sacrificed. Judge Kelly, however, expressed bis determination to punish her, when Hammer asked that the court remand the child to his custody. Judge Kelly replied: "No. Had your own admission upon the former hearing, that you took the child out of bed while asleep and whipped him with a shoe, been given in evidence, the jury would have convicted you also. In that event, I would have sent you to the same prison for the same length of time, but not to the same cell." Mrs. Hammer was immediately conveyed to prison.

We regret to state that the small-pox has ately been a serious scourge to the Gainsborough neighborhood, in the northern part of this county. bout forty cases had occurred up to the end of last week, though scarce one in ten was fatal.

PROBLETE MERDER .- Frank Williams, a wealthy its report and evidence; and that whilst the quest lying dead upon his premises on Friday with six-teen buck shot in his breast. It is supposed he was murdered.

Mill Sold.—Mr. George H. McClure has sold his mill property, near Martinsburg, to Mr. Hen-ry Staub, for the sum of \$11,000. Three fugitive slaves from Virginia, it is said, passed through Plainfield, Vermont, lately, en route for Canada.

ANOTHER TURNPIKE TO WINCHESTEE.—All the stock required for the Martinsburg and Winchester turnpike having been taken, the link from the Berkeley line to Winchester will soon be made.—This will make the ninth turnpike leading to our

Serious Fall.—We regret to learn that our fellow citizen, Mr. Edward B. Hooper, was thrown from his horse while returning from a sale in the county, on Thursday last, by which one of his arms was brake, and other injury received. He is doing well, and will soon be out.—Martinsburg Gazette.

town. We shall be penned in by toll-gates. Better to be blockaded by them than by mudholes.

[Winchester Virginian.

SALE OF MILL PROPERTY .- The Mill and about eight acres of land, near the Southern Plank Road and about a mile from town, was sold by John H. Ford to Martin Creager, last week, for 5,425.—
This is on advance upon the purchase within a year of \$1,100.—Winchester Virginian.

Texas and the Sabbath.—The Legislature of Texas has passed a bill "to establish the Christian Sabbath," which provides to the punishment, by fine or imprisonment, of such persons as may perform any labor, or procure any to be done, on Sunday.

The Banking Firm of Riggs & Co., New York, are about to close their office in Wall street, and Mr. George W. Riggs is to return to Washington City to succeed to the well established firm of Corcoran & Riggs, who return to private pursuits. Riggs, who retire to private pursuits. ing absent at his home in Massach

# OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS BLANKS, CHECKS, HANDBILLS, LABELS, & OFFICE OF SPIRIT OF JEFFERSOI OJ-As:pply of Magistrates', Sheriffs', and Constable's BLANKS—Deeds of Bargain and Sale and Deeds of Trust—Negotiable and Promissory Notes, &c., &c., always on hand.

### THE ARMORY QUESTION.

It affords us great pleasure to comply with the reuest of our friends of Harpers-Ferry, in publishing the following letter from the Representative of this District, as to the present condition and future prospects of the " Armory Question," The time for mere epeculation, however, has now gone by, and as the President has thus far failed to act, we hope the Committee of Congress will come at once to the main question and abolish from the statute book every vestige of Military Supervision over Civil Work-

HARPERS-FERRY, March 20, 1854. JAMES W. BELLER, Esq.-Dear Sir : You will confer a favor upon many of your friends and subscribers, at this place, if you can find space in your paper for the enclosed letter to me, from our Representative

The subject is one that interests us all deeply, and there is no mode in which it can be so readily circulated here, as through the medium of your valuable and popular journal. Your compliance with the request will greatly oblige me personally, JOHN G. WILSON. Yours, &c.,

WASHINGTON CITY, March 8, 1854.

John G. Wilson, Esq .- Dear Sir: I have received your letter with those of some of my other friends about Harpers-Ferry, enquiring of me as to the present condition, and future prospects of the Armory Question. I have so far delayed any reply to these enquiries, as my interviews with the President on that subject were of a somewhat confidential character, and because, I had no information which would authorize me to speak with any certainty, as to what his final decision would be, on the question submitted to him by the act of Congress. This silence on my part, although repeatedly explained in conversation with those who were here from your place, coupled with the failure of the President to make any change in the existing state of things at Harpers-Ferry, has been seized upon by my political opponents as I am informed, to propogate the impression, that I had become indifferent to the wishes of the people on this question. I have very little fear that any such slanderous imputations will affect me in the estimation of my friends at Harpers-Ferry. They have had too many evidences before them of my sincere sympathy with the mechanics of that place, and of my deep attachment to the republican principle involved in that enquiry, to believe for a moment, that, I could ever become cold and lukewarm in its support. I have borne these misrepresentations in silence, conscious of the fidelity of my course, and knowing that my active agency in promoting your wishes could at any time be made perfectly clear to every look and tone of love, now unutterably dear to us, until our hearts are broken with grief—when we feel that our arms must loosen the sail! Ah, ah! it is too late.—"Shrieking, their hold around the self-created idel and cursing blesphaming over the sail served to the sail s tives, it will afford me an opportunity very briefly to review its history since the report of the Board.

During the latter part of November the Commis

sioners submitted to the President their several re ports with the accompanying evidence taken at Springfield, You are already aware how they divided in opinion. STEVENSON, STEELE, SMITH and WALWORTH recommended a return to the Civil Superintendency-Andrews and Steptoe, a retention of the present system. I called upon the President the next day after they made their reports, to know if he designed to announce any decision of the question in his Annual Message to Congress, or in any way to notice the subject in that document, He informed me that he did not. I then respectfully pressed upon him its decision at an early day. He assured me that such were his engagements that he could not take up the examination of the question for some days, but that he would do so at the earliest moment possible. In the course of a few weeks I again brought the subject formally to his attention, and learned from him that the pressure of his public engagements had still prevented an examination of the reports and evidence. From that time, I continued to press the subject more urgently upon his attention, never omitting any opportunity, when public or private business brought me in contact with him, to urge the expediency of a prompt decision, and a decision in favor of the civil system,-Our interviews were frequent and prolonged on the subject, and I may say, that every view that I deempersons who had been blown overboard from the ed important was presented to him with all the force of which I was capable. It would not be proper for me to state what intimations the President threw out of the tendencies and inclinations of his mind, but I may say that I left this city for Berkeley on the 12th of February, in the full confidence and belief that not a week would pass over without a final decision of

> On the day after my arrival at home, Mr. Stanton, of Kentucky, submitted his resolution in the House, asking the appointment of a Select Committee to enquire into the expediency of military superintendence over civil works, embracing a wide field of investigation, and amongst others, the Armory Question. As I passed Harpers-Ferry I learned through the Sun that I was appointed a member of that Se lect Committee. I found our friends there indulging in some exultation at this proceeding in Congress. I, as you are all aware, expressed very freely my deep regret at the movement, so far as it touched the subject of the National Armories, and my apprehension, that it would constitute an insuperable bar to any urther action by the President upon the subject, so long as it remained under the control of that committee. And such I found to be the precise condition of the matter when, upon my return to Washington, I called upon the President. He construed the action of the House as indicating its opinion that a further investigation into the facts was proper, and in his judgment, courtesy to, that body demanded that he should withhold any decision until that investigation was completed. I argued against his conclusions, but in vain. Perceiving, then, that no course was left to relieve the President from the embarrassment caused by this proposed investigation before the Committee, I determined at the first meeting of that body, to submit a motion to discharge the Committee from so much of the enquiry directed by the House as related to the National Armories This motion I accordingly made and predicated it upon the following grounds:
>
> 1st. That a law of Congress had submitted the de-

the question by him for or against us.

cision of the question of the proper Superintendency of the National Armories to the President that to enable him to reach a conclusion satisfactory to himself, and to the country, it had authorized him to create a Board, with full powers to investigate the subject and report its conclusions to him; that the Board had performed its duties, and had submitted was thus pending, it was discourteous to him and unjust to those interested in its prompt disposition that the subject should directly, or by implication

be withdrawn from his action. 2d. That the investigation, so far as the National Armories were concerned, was already ample and sufficient for the adjudication of the question by the President or by Congress, and that any further investigation would be a useless and unneces ry expense to the Government.

3d. That the question of superintendency, so far as it related to the Armories, stood upon grounds of a special and peculiar character, and should not be blended in the same enquiry with the supervision of custom-houses, hospitals, and other buildings and

civil works. Before acting upon my motion, the Committee deemed it desirable to examine the reports and ev dence submitted by the Board to the President, they could be obtained. They accordingly ed me, by a resolution entered upon their call upon the President, and to procure from him these papers for the use of the Committee. I made the call and the reports and evidence were all

the call and the reports and evidence were all promptly referred to the Committee.

Two sittings of the Committee were consumed in the discussion of my motion, and when the vote was taken upon asking to be discharged from the farther consideration of the question, so far as it related to the National Armories, and referring the papers back to the President for his decision under the act of Coppress, the Committee stood three and capalled divided. Stanton, Sapp and Fan favor of the motion—Dawson, Keitt an against it. Mr. Daninson, the seventh p

tee being thus equally divided, and unable to act, the subject was postponed until the return of Mr. Dickinson, when it was again fully argued, and he gave the casting vote in favor of retaining the subject in the Committee and of pursuing a farther inestigation of it there

We are accordingly now upon the threshhold of a long and laborious investigation of this questionforty heads of enquiry have been already transmitted to the War Department for facts and information-subpænas have been issued for witnesses residing at Springfield, Philadelphia, Harpers-Ferry and other places, and it is difficult to say when the investigation will end.

I deeply deplore the course which things have taken in the Committee, both for public and private reasons-for your sakes and mine. It has arrested a decision which the President, in all probability, would have made before this time; a further investigation is unnecessary, for the country is in possession of the most ample materials for the formation of a just conclusion on that branch of the enquiry; it is blending this question of the National Armories with other questions of military supervision, to which it may impart, but from which it can derive no strength; it will impose a most oppressive burden upon me, and withdraw much of my time and attention from other public questions to which I desired to direct my mind. A result, so far as I am personally concerned, of which I would not complain, if the investigation was not already sufficiently complete and comprehensive for all useful and practical I must be allowed further to say, that although

originally opposed to submitting this question to the decision of the President, regarding it as one of legislative policy and proper to be determined by Congress itself, yet as that submission had been made by law, and much time had been consumed in enquiries preliminary to his action. I had become averse to any course that would relieve him from the responsibility of a prompt, bold and manly decision of it. I desired the country to see on which side of this important question a Democratic President would stand-whether with the Army or with the People-and whether his sympathies inclined him more to sustain an elite corps of government officials, or to stand by the rights and interests of the working classes of the country. I know of no question which has arisen for some years so well calculated to test the real grit and mettle of a man as that which had grown up in this controversy. The struggle had on both sides been vigorous, earnest and protracted; we knew the preeise character of all the arguments, influences, facts and considerations which had been brought to weigh both on the one side and on the other of this question, and by its result did I wish the country in part to judge of its Chief Magistrate. I am not so bewildered by personal admiration of any man that I cannot estimate him precisely according to his acts, and according to the conformity of his public conduct to sound republican principles. I feel that there is no man in the country too humble for my sympathy. and no one too-exalted for my denunciation, if in

But we are now in for it, and I shall continue to dedicate my time and labor to the advancement of this just and righteous cause of the mechanics, with all the zeal and fidelity which has ever animated me in their behalf.

my judgment he merits it.

We may perhaps derive one consolation from the turn which the subject has taken before the Comat Harpers-Ferry and Springfield may for a time be delayed by it, yet that it will be paving the way for a far more extensive and radical reform in this government than was anticipated, when the movement was first made by me in Congress. The attention of the great body of the mechanics throughout the country has become awakened, to the alarming extent to which this principle of military supervision over them has for years past been carried, and their Indignation will soon display itself in thunder tones for the admonition of this government. They are becoming deeply aroused, and when once they get fairly in action, they will neither sleep nor slumber until every vestige of this anti-republican policy is

The sentiment of the House of Representatives of hostility to the principle of military supervision over mechanics is clear, decided and emphatic-and has already been exhibited in the most unequivocal man-

Excuse, my dear friend, this long letter, but I feel under such deep obligations to my friends at Harpers-Ferry, for their kind and generous support of me, that I have felt it encumbent upon me, even at the expense of being a little prolix, to state fully the condition of the question to you. You will hear from me again whenever any matter occurs worthy of your attention.

> I am, very truly, yours, CHAS. JAS. FAULKNER.

THE GREAT SWEEPSTAKE.

Nearly all the patrons and lovers of sport through the country have become already acquainted with the fact that on the first day of next month the great State Sweepstake, in which four States will be represented, will come off over the Metairie Course, in this city. We have heretofore given the most ample details of the anticipated attractions for racing people which will be presented, and also stated the terms, amount of money at stake, and other conditions of this grand sporting event. We have been pleased to observe that the subject has excited much interest even in distant portions of the country, and that everything in relation to the race has been caught up by the curious and anxious public throughout the horse-

racing regions.

Without pretending to know the stable secrets, we without pretending to know the stable secrets, we may state that the principal candidates now spoken of to represent the different States are Lexington for Kentucky; Arrow for Louisiana; Lecompt for Missis-elppi; and either Highlander or Blonde for Alabama, Of course these names are liable to be changed by the slightest accidents, but as the stake is "play or pay," and there are more first rate horses in trainings whose owners would be pleased to be allowed a chance at the money and fame, no disappointment on account of a lack of contestants can possibly occur. The exploits on the turf of the above named horses are so recent and well known by turfmen, that we need not repeat them. Whoever wins in such a crowd must, indeed, be both swift and strong. The day that this race is run will be a great day for New Orleans, for there will, without doubt, be a larger and more brilliant assemblage of persons than over before assembled in this part of the country on any occasion.—N. O. Picayune.

UNFORTUNATE OCCURRENCE.

The Washington Star, of Wednesday, says :- "An affair occurred last evening, almost attended with fatal result, which is the talk of the city this morning, some of the circumstances of which we will give as they have been related to us :

" While Clarke Mills, the artist, was at Patton's barber shop, last evening, waiting to be shaved, Col. Mitchel, of Minnesota, in an excited state, came in, and very familiary addressed the gentleman in the chair; but as soon as be discovered that he was not an acquaintance, apologised, and his apology was accepted. When the gentleman left the shop, Mr. Mills took his place to be shaved. Col. M. then accested Mr. Mills in the same familiar manner, insulting him by putting his hand on his face, rubbing his chin, and using expressions anything but becoming, even when said playfully between friends. An apology was then offered by Col. M. for his conduct, and was accepted by Mr. Mills, and Col. M. took a seat. In a minute or two, however, Col. M. ed to Mr. Mills, and when told by the barber to set down, refused, saying that he would have sat-isfaction. Hard words passed between the parties. Mr. Mills telling Col. M. that if he did not desist he ould give him satisfaction. Col. M. said he would cut his throat, and used other expression of an offensive character; whereupon Mr. Mills rose from chair, seized the stool upon which his feet rested, and struck Col. M. twice, cutting his head seriously which at first was supposed would cause his death. The wound, however, we are glad to learn, is only a flesh one, from the effects of which Col. M. will probably soon recover."

A DARING ROBBERY .- One of the most atrocious robberies shat we have heard of was committed in our city on Thursday. Miss McNiell, daughter of Gen. John McNiell, deceased, and a niece of President Pierce, was met in one of the public streets by a ruffian, knocked down, and robbed of her purse, containing about thirty dollars certificates of stocks. containing about thirty dollars, certificates of stocks amounting to about two thousand dollars, and a valuable diamond pin. The blow was so severe that she was rendered insensible, and whilst in on was robbed. We understand that she was much injured, but are glad that her inlace about 3 o'clock, P. M., in one of the public rects and the robber succeeded in making his espe.—Wash, Union.

IRLE PRACTICE.—Two clerks last week were publicly whipped in the market place at Charleston, S. C., for stealing from their employees. They were sentenced to receive thirty-nine lashes, which were to be inflicted at three different times, and at such be inflicted at three different times, and at such ervals that the wounds, caused by the first should healed before the second punishment, and so of third. At the first whipping, these unhappy time of the barbarism of the middle ages, after laring twenty strokes, fell bleeding and fainting, I were carried back to jail. Ten thousand persubbled this horrible spectacle!

THE LATEST FASHION,—The Omnibus Drivers of aw York have been so much annoyed by the dust thin a few days past, that they have taken to eating veils, such as the ladies wear. It protects are ever, and allows them to ettend properly to

Spirit of Jefferson. BY JAMES W. BELLER.



CHARLESTOWN:

THE NATIONAL ARMORIES. We call the attention of our readers to the expos made in our paper of to-day, by the Representative from this District, Mr. FAULKNER, as to the present condition of the question which has for some time agitated the Country as to the management of the National Armories. A just regard for the rights of the Mechanic, every principle of Republicanism demands, and we hope the sound discretion of Congress may require, a speedy return to old customs and ancient usages, which provided that men engaged in Civil departments could be governed without the epaulet or sword.

THE NEBRASKA BILL.

In the House of Representatives on Tuesday last the Bill which had previously passed the Senate, proposing the admission of Nebraska and Kansas Territories, was referred to the Committee of the Whole. Some of the friends of the Bill have regarded this reference as fatal to the whole matter, as it now stands upon the calendar, with no priority over less important measures. The hope yet is, however, that the Bill may be reached in the House, its objectionable features stricken out, and passed by a decisive majority.

The following is a classification of the vote on re-

erring the Nebraska	bill to the	Committee of	the
Vhole:	The shape	the transfer of the second	
For the reference.			
Northern Southern		102 8	
Against it.			110
Northern	votes,	27	
Southern	do.	68	
Of the Northern w	ntee in few	or of the refere	95

Democrats. Whigs. Freesoilers.

55 Of the Southern votes in favor of the reference Democrats. Whigs. Freesoilers.

Against, Absent; from Northern States 13; Southern do. The Southern members who voted for the reference, are, Messrs. Bugg, Cullom, Etheridge of Tennessee, Franklin of Maryland, Hunt of Louisiana, and Puryear of N. C., Whigs; R. H. Stanton of Ky., Democrat; and T. H. Benton, Free-

CONGRESS.

The proceedings in either House have been void of any special interest the past week. The Territorial Bill having passed the Senate, and the Homestead Bill the House, it will require some little time to provide in each House, for regular discussion on these or other questions.

DEATH OF MAJOR HOBBIE. Major SELAH R. HOBBIE, Assistant Postmaster General, died at his residence in Washington, on Thursday morning last, of consumption. He has been connected with the General Post Office Department for the last twenty-three years, and so far as the efforts of one person would be effectual, has largely contributed to its efficiency. He commenced public life as a member of Congress from Delaware in 1826, and became Assistant Postmaster General ander Jackson's administration in 1829. As a business man he was accurate, rapid, and remarkably conversant with all the matters of postal arrangement. He at all times so discharged his official duties as to win the highest regard of all parties, and enjoyed the unlimited confidence of every administration under which he held office. His private character was unblemished, and he had concentrated around himself the respect and affection of an

INDIAN CAPTIVE RECOVERED.

Our readers will recollect the interesting narrative of the capture and escape of Mrs. Jane Adeline Wilson, by the Camanche Indians, last summer, by whom she and her two brothers-in-law, (boys) were taken off prisoners. When Mrs. Wilson escaped, the boys were still in the possession of the Indians. One of them has since been brought into Fort Washita, Choctaw Nation, by a half-breed, who purchased him of the Indians; and the whereabouts of the other was known, and immediate measures taken for his

AMERICAN CITIZENS.

The Secretary of State in answer to an interrogatory propounded to him on a point of American citizenship gives his opinion "that every person born in the United States must be considered a citizen of the United States, notwithstanding one or both of his parents may have been alien at the time of his birth. This is in conformity with the English common law, which law is generally acknowledged in this country. And a person of alien parents, it is presumed, would be considered a natural-born citizen of the United States, in the language of the constitution, so as to make him eligible to the presidency."

WASHINGTON PATENT OFFICE.

A brief account of the business transacted in this branch of our government may not be uninteresting. During the past thirteen years, from January, 1841, to January, 1854, there have been 20,867 applications for patents, 7,120 caveats granted, and 9,353 patents issued. The total amount received for duties, fees, etc., during that period was \$883.584.49

The business of the department shows a steady increase, and there will have to be, of necessity, more assistants appointed to aid in the examination of the different articles offered. There are now six principals, six assistants, and six sub-assistants.

The estimated applications for the present year are set down at 4,800.

"TOURO AVENUE."

The board of assistant aldermen of New Orleans have passed an ordinance changing the name of Canal street to "Touro Avenue," in order to carry out the wishes of Mr. Shepherd, residuary legatee of the late Judah Touro, who on condition that its name is so changed, the street paved with granite blocks, the carriage way with square block and a cenotaph erected thereon at a cost of \$19,000, in honor of Mr. Touro, will transfer to the city all the estate of the deceased, (after paying bequests) amounting to about \$150,000. The aldermen have also appropriated \$10,-000 to erect the cenotaph.

THE SEIZURE OF THE BLACK WARRIOR. On the 16th inst., one of the largest held in that city, it is said convened in Mobile to express the public feeling in relation to the seizure of the Black Warrior, Hon. John Gayle presided, and made a speech, and was followed by the Hon. H. W. Hilliard, Judge Dargan, and others: after which a long address, reviewing all the circumstances of If to your excellency our views and wishes seem unthe case, was read and adopted, as were also reso-Intions calling upon the government to take immediate steps to secure pecuniary redress for those injured by the outrage, and "resent the flagrant insult which has been offered to the country."

SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD

At a meeting of the stockholders of this road or Tuesday last, in Petersburg, Va., it was determined to mortgage the road to the amount of \$372,000, to cover the guarantee of that city, and a debt due for iron, and also to issue bonds to the amount of \$178,000 to cover the further sum necessary to complete the road. The president states in his report, that from presen indications the road would be completed to Lynch burg in August or September next. The citizens of Petersburg on Wednesday voted in favor of the city guaranteeing \$300,000 of the company's bonds.

NEW POST OFFICE. The Postmaster General has established a Post Office in Clarke county, Virginia, to be known as Underwood. It is six miles south of Paris and an equal distance from Snickers'-Ferry. J. Dr Loss UNDERWOOD is the Postmester.

ANOTHER HARTFORD CONVENTION. The Worcester Transcript recommends (says the Boston Post) that the Legislature now in session should take immediate measure for calling a convention of the free States-" a solemn conclave" i order to arrest the passage of the Nebraska bill.

When in a former issue of our paper we adverted to the grave importance which this question was at-tracting throughout the Northern States, and to the robabilities of its assuming a definite political character, we had no idea that the time was so near at hand, for the fulfilment of our prediction. But the subjoined extract which we present from the Springfield Post will show, that the hall is already in motion, and is destined to constitute an important element in our future political organizations. How deeply is it to be deplored that our excellent Chief Magistrate did not, by a prompt and favorable decision upon this question, add to that well-deserved popularity which he has earned by some other other acts of his administration

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 28, 1854. But the subject is now before a Select Committe of the House of Representatives, where we have no doubt the most full and ample justice will be done to the rights and interests of the mechanics. We ask an attentive perusal of the annexed papers

and admonish our friends in power, that the rights and sensibilities of a body as powerful as the mechanics of the nation, are not to be treated with disregard, without consequences, which they may have

THE MECHANICS OF NEW ENGLAND THOR-

Indications are reaching us from varsous quarters of a deep, earnest, and united determination on the part of the mechanics of New England to protest against the employment of military officers to super-intend them in various branches of mechanical enterprise. We have information that the interest up on this subject is spreading widely, under auspices which promise to disturb, for good or ill, the whole country. Combinations are about being formed, which, from the intelligence and energy that will control them, cannot fail when another presidential election shall have arrived, to make them the ruling political element of the land. We publish to-day a petition that has just reached us, and which, we are ssured, is about to be circulated over the cities and towns of New England for signatures. It does not emanate in this Armory, but is an expression of sen-timents common to the mechanics of New England. It will, of course, be circulated among our mechanics, and with the evidence already in their posses sion, that the mechanics of other cities are deeply in terested in matters of intimate concern to them, a mechanics not employed in the Armory, and by such employment debarred from the free exerci e of their political privileges, will unhesitatingly give it their

signatures.

The mechanics of New England have grown res tive, unnecessarially so we cannot but hope, under the delay of the President to decide upon the report of the Armory Commission. We believe that Frank-lin Pierce is a man of too much heart, a democratoo thoroughly in love with the true interests of the laboring classes, to allow any longer than possible the oppressive rule to which the operatives in thi Armory are subjected. The day of their deliverance we firmly believe, is drawing nigh, and must com

05-The following petition has been sent to us with request that we will insert in our columns. It embodies the universal sentiment of the mechanics of New England on the subject to which it relates, and s to be circulated. It will be signed by every true lemocrat in New England. To His Excellency, Franklin Pierce, President of the United States

Your petitioners earnestly, reliantly, respectfully present to your excellency the following facts; requesting only, as far as they may dictate, that its sub-ject matter meet your careful deliberation, and prompt action. But allow us here to deprecate in the deepest spirit of sincerity, any imputation of want of re spect to your high office and position. We but present to you our views and wishes, claiming only for them such attention and disposition as their truth and importance, and the wrongs and oppression of That policy of past administrations, which has

een fit to leave the home and birth place of freedom,

to seek abroad the despotic essence of their armies

for our workshops, and the dreamy theories of men chained on earth, and free only in thought, when thought breathes not of this world's rights or practices as a substitute for our democracy, bears heavly upon our rights as men. We refer to our armo ries and workshops being placed under the super vision of officers of the army. We utterly, entirely and peremptorily disclaim all enmity to the militay; on the contrary we bear honorable testimony hat a more competent and gallant class of men ex ists not under our government; in a perfect and en-tire knowledge of their profession, and all its practical and theoretic duties, we believe they have no superiors in the world, and we indulge an honest pride in that knowledge. But we are unwilling to rest quietly under the imputation that we are incompetent to hold any place in the employment of our government, saving under the supervision of an officer of the army. In their proper sphere of action hey are we verily believe without equals, but we claim the same for ourselves and our calling. Our govern-ment is called one of "equal rights." Are we to be aught that it is so in theory only? We ask no favors: we only demand our rights as mechanics and men o ousiness, from one whom we elected as a democratic President. Were argument sought against the present system as a system, we have only to refer to the re cords of the commission appointed by your excellency, but we cast this all aside as irrelevant to the case. We demand the same rights under that government of which we are a part, as enjoyed by other professions and occupations! Military law is necessarily despotic; its existence under other govern ments is in strict consonance with the spirit of their nstitutions, presenting no disparity or harshness o feature, in contrast with the privileges of the people It is the effete offspring of the dreadful doctrin that the people can possess no rights saving by grant or concession of the governing power. But here it must necessarially exist as an anomaly, presenting the startling reality of a purely despotic governmen existing in the bosom of a pure democracy, based upon the claim of all to equal rights. Should we not then seek to limit and control this nursery of a dangerous sentiment, rather than extend its influence over the industrial branches of our country We declare, sir, most unhesitatingly that if the system be judged by its results as exhibited under the administration of the present commandant at Springfield, then is it confessed and proved a most utter and entire failure. But we will not accept of him and his superintendence as a specimen of military rule; for we know that there are kind, honorable and upright gentlemen in our army, who are too brave to abuse a little temporary power by oppress ing the weak and unprotected. We contend that the best, most honorable, and upright of men are incompetent to do justice to the workmen of the government, if they be not skillful, accomplished, and practical mechanics. No light evil is it for a mechanic to serve under one in whom he meets no appreciation; under whom, if industrious and producing much as a result from a day's earnest labor, he receives but the reward of a reduction of compensation under the implication of having earned too mucl too easily! Place competent, skillful mechanics over our armories, and we shall no longer be obliged to purchase the right to make and use improvements the result of private ingenuity, skill, and enterprise no longer would our armories be filled with badly made weapons, whose very cost is a matter of fraud fiction, and deception, before presented for the gov ernment's approval.

Let not your excellency look lightly upon this abject as being the offspring of a locality, the prejudice of a community, created and springing into ex istence from the excitement of some temporary polit ical question, or moral" ism" of the day! It is the deep, all abiding sentiment of a people composed of every party and sect! It finds an echo and response in every workshop in our country! It throbs in the bosom of every true American citizen. Think you that a class of men who can construct and wield bayonets that think! whose brain and arm it is that create your locomotives and engines that annihilate space, can quietly rest in subservience as mere hewers of wood and drawers of water? Must we under the imported names of artizan or operative, submit to the indignity as a class, of being branded as capable only of useful action when crushed beneath the iron heel of an imported military system. Our government is the government of the people, our gov-ernment was designed to be the government of re-munerative labor. Does your excellency not then perceive the necessity of exhibiting in the National Vorkshops a standard of liberal compensation for labor; of giving them their true character of national institutions for establishing the price and high

quality of work, and sustaining the true dignity of mechanics among their fellow men. Congress, sir, has confidingly placed in your bands the power of relieving the wrongs, the injustice, the oppression of years. To whom can we so appropriately appeal to be restored to our rights, as to the victorious candidate of a party that justly claims the championship of the working classes ?reasonable and unworthy your compliance, let us at least be successful in our hopes of a prompt and early decision, even if adverse to our cause.

FROM CALIFORNIA. By a late arrival from California we learn that the news from the mines is exceedingly favorable, and that the greatest prosperity prevailed among the miners, who were reaping rich returns for their labor and exposure. The quantity of gold is larger than for many previous months.

Col. H. P. Watkins, a commander of the "new Republic" of Sonora, has been arrested by the United States Marshal for "having instituted and set on foot, or procured the means for a military expedition to be carried on from San Francisco against the territory or dominions of the Republic of Mexico, with which Republic the United States then was and now is at peace." Col. Watkins was required to furnish sureties in the sum of \$10,000 for his appearance before the U.S. Commissioner. Messrs. A. A. Sclover and B. F. Washington signed his bond, and he was released from custody.

The current of public opinion through out the State of Virginia, seems to be against an extra session of the Legislature.

Geo. Clemens, who was injured by the accident on the mountain track of the Central Railroad, died on Tuesday.

DISTRICT EDITORIAL CONVERVOOR At an Editorial Convention for this Congr District held, pursuant to general call, at Winchester on the 21st of March, 1854: on motion, H. N-GALLARER Was called to the chair, and CHAS. H. STEWART and GEO. E. SERSENEY appointed Secre-

The following papers were found to be represen ted by the Editors personally or by proxy: Free Press and Spirit of Jefferson, Charlestown : Republican and Gazette, Martinsburg; Virginian and Republican, Winchester; Democrat and Washingtonian, Leesburg; and Intelligencer and Virginia Argus,

After discussion, the following rules were agreed For marriage announcements, no charge will be

Obituary notices not exceeding ten lines will be inserted gratis. The excess above that number of lines will be charged according to the advertising rates. Tributes of respect will be charged at adver-All communications designed to promote the per-

sonal interests of individuals, or that do not possess general interest, will be charged for at the usual advertising rates. Those of an offensive personal character will not be inserted. All advertisments forwarded by Newspaper Agents will be charged at the usual advertising rates; and must be accompanied by the cash or its equivalent, deducting the commission.

Patent medicines shall be charged for at the usua rates of yearly advertisements, and "bishop notices" double the advertising rates. Extracts from other papers referring to such advertisements will be subject to the regular advertising rates.

Candidates' announcements for offices of emolument will be charged at advertising rates.

On motion, Resolved, That these rates shall not vitiate any existing contract, and shall take effect on

the 1st of May, 1854. On motion, Resolved, unanimously, That the pubication of the laws of each successive Legislature nediately on adjournment-local acts in all the journals of the section to which their effect is confined. and general acts in the entire press of the S ate-is. in the opinion of this convention, a measure indispensable to the full understanding of and submission to those laws on the part of the people whose representatives enact them, and who are subject to their operation for good or evil. To shut up the laws of a modern republican State in a scarc and costly statute-book, differs only in degree from the practice of an ancient tyrant who posted his edicts so high that they could not be read. It cannot fairly be attributed to a merely selfish motive on our part, that we urge a step the people's clear interests justify us in counting them next to unani-

On motion, Resolved, That a committee be appointed to prepare an address setting forth the reasons and necessity of these resolutions, and inviting the editorial fraternity of the State to unite in the

The chair named Messrs. Bouce, SENSENEY and ALBURTIS as the committee under the above resolu-

The committee named in one of the above resolutions think but few words called for.

It is no doubt that the regulations adopted as above will meet the views of the fraternity generally, and seem to them suited, as far as they go, to remove evils now existing. So partial a meeting could not undertake to grapple with greater difficulties; the removal of which is not less desirable, but requires more general concert. The committee hope that such united effort will ere long be made; and that in the meantime the rules here decided upon will receive a general and cordial acquiescence, without which they must in a measure fail of their effect even within the comparatively limited area the convention represented. There is not much inovation in them-none, it is believed, save on points where it was plainly and confessedly required. The very slight diversity of opinion which prevailed among arrived at their conclusions, gives good assurance of the united determination with which they will carry them out, and ought to recommend them to general

System in the management of the press in this Commonwealth of few and widely-scattered towns is much wanted. The people of Virginia show an increasing appreciation of the value of a good press; and will not fail to sustain any movement calculated to enhance its dignity, usefulness, and stability Its conductors must be true to themselves before they can expect to be true to their mission and their duty; and the popular intelligence, which is their great and it may be said only reliance, will carry them through in the one as surely as in the other Editors who accept the rules here offered will o course see the propriety of laving them as clearly as possible before all concerned, and of keeping them standing for a length of time sufficient for

that purpose. THE LONDON COMMISSIONERS AND THE CRYS-

A general report from the commission appointed by the English government to attend the exhibition at the Crystal Palace in New York, has lately been made to Lord Clarendon. It is no doubt from the pen of the Earl of Ellesmere. The specific reports from the different departments into which the commission divided itself, are promised at an early day having been distributed as follows: Raw materials. mining and kindred matters were assigned to Sir Charles Lyell; minerals, in their economical and metallurgical operations, to Prof. Wilson; machinery, to Mr. Whitworth; manufactures, to Mr. Wallis; the exhibition building, trade circulars, patent office reports, &c., to Mr. Dilke, and fine arts, to Lord

In the present general report, the delay in opening and filling the exhibition is very delicately alluded to, and the most friendly and respectful language is employed in speaking of the United States and their population. The following from the report may be taken as Lord Ellesmere's opinion of the condition and prospects of the fine arts in the

"The exhibition afforded us no sufficient material for a judgment of the condition of the arts of painting or sculpture in the United States. We may be allowed, however, to express an opinion, founded on observations too casual and limited to allow us to particularise individual masters, that the art of landscape painting bids fair to flourish in North Ameri-We venture to predict that several of the artists whose pencils are already employed on the scenery of their native country, will do justice to its claims upon art, and establish a national school of landscape of a high order."

What the noble earl says of the prospects of landscape painting in this country is not exaggerated, considering that they have no one in that department in England to compare with Durand. The concluding paragraphs of the report are as follows: "In its general character the exhibition at New York may be said to be successful. The lessons conveyed in the contributions from Europe cannot, we believe, fail to exercise a beneficial influence over the taste, skill and industry of the United States. "The attention of the commission was, of course, chiefly confined to the contributions of the Americans themselves, and in certain departments the industry of the various States was fairly represented. whilst in others there was a deficiency much to be regretted, more especially in the section of raw ma-terials. There can be little doubt, then, that in nearly all essential points the exhibition will prove to the intelligent and industrious artisans and enterterprising manufacturers of America much more of an instructor in what has to be done, than an expositor of what has been done by them; for the atter can be alone fairly judged of in the manu-

Finally, the carl refers to the fact that the producing classes of so busy a community must necessarily be ingenious, industrious, energetic and painstaking, whose popular education is made subservient alike to individual intelligence and natural aptitude for manufactures, with a ready appreciation of all really useful inventions and improvements, great original power and immense activity.

FRANCE.—The Alexandria Gazette states a Lumber trade is about to be opened with France, the depot of which is to be at that city. The Gazette

A company of merchants in Marseilles have an agent in this country, now purchasing large quanti-ties of timber to be cut near Cumberland, Md., and in the adjacent counties in Virginia, also, along down the Potomac river. The timber from the upper country is to be brought down the canal to this port, where it will be loaded on board the ships destined to carry it to France. This must give employment to a large number of vessels. It is expected that if the timber can be pre-pared, two ships will sail from this port every

THE CARS AT STAUNTON .- On Monday last the

rain of passenger cars crossed the Blue Ridge on Majority for Baker, over all, 1,363, which will the temporary track, and made their entrance into be increased to about 1,700. Staunton. The distance from Greenwood Tunnel to Staunton, twenty-two miles, was made in two hours. The U. S. sloop-of-war Decatur, lying When fairly under way, the time will be shortened, at Norfolk, had been ordered to the Pacific; and passengers leaving Richmond in the morning but her sailing orders were revoked a few days will reach Staunton to dinner. Staunton is now ago by the Secretary of the Navy, and her deconnected by rail with Alexandria as well as Richstination is not now known. Her services may be wanted nearer home. THE GRAIN CROPS.

In the vicinity of Richmond, and in all Eastern Virginia, so far as our knowledge extends, the growing crops of wheat present a green, thrifty and lively appearance. At present there is a cheering prospect that the labors of the farmer will not go unrewarded the present year. The Wheeling papers state that some of the wheat in the counties along the Ohio has been favour and marticularly on clayer and wet it is said has not left Turin, as was reported and has not been at all disturbed by the populace on account of the letter written by him in relation to that city. has been frozen out, particularly on clayer and wet soils. Eassern Virginia, at this advanced state of the season, has but little to fear from frosts or the effects of cold upon the growing grain.

[Richmond Enquirer.

....The South Side (Va.) Railroad Company have purchased the Appomattox Railroad for \$175,000, and will take possession of it on the 1st of 了,**此**的主义,是一个,他们也是一个

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

WHENEUROPEAN NEWS

The details of the news by the Pacific, which we

sert this morning, will be read with interest.

Though they do not materially affect the actual condition of affairs as indicated by previous advices,

says the Baltimore American,) they yet present the

the powers, and show more clearly the position

all the parties affected by the war. We have the

text of the Czar's reply to Napoleon, of which the

previous partial reports had conveyed but a very im-

perfect impression. Without any of the offensive

ness asserted of it, it is bold and decided, and pre-

sents the Czar as sustaining unalterably his decision

to treat only on the basis of propositions submitted

by him to the Vienna Convention. Whatever may

be the decision of the allied powers, he declares that

nenaces will not induce him to recede; his " confi-

ence is in God, and in his right, and in Russia,"

which "he guaranties will prove herself in 1854 what

she was in 1812." This is menly, as well as bold

doubtedly felt as his royal correspondent designed .-

The French manifesto, in the shape of a circular from

the Minister of Foreign Affairs, which may be regar-

as Napoleon's rejoinder to the Czar, is equally war-

like in its tone, and shows that the last hope of peace

The certain intelligence that the Czar had prohib-

ited the export of grain from Russia is of moment

There are other points of interest in the news .-

ish parrison was generally discredited. An appre-

OUR RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

"The indications are daily multiplying that we

John Russell has since admitted that the selection of

"It is evidently our duty to begin to prepare for

the worst. We must demonstrate to the good of

every land-those entertaining sentiments kindred to

our own-in an unmistakeable manner, that we have

not only a good cause, but that we are so prepared.

tain with God's blessing, we shall be enabled to main-

tain it. We should thus contract an alliance more

formidable to our enemies than any ever contracted

between crowned-heads for the suppression of politi-

THE NEW SENATOR FROM OHIO.

The Ohio Statesman contains a letter from Mr.

Campbell a member of the House Representatives of

"To your question, then, I answer-The Nebraska

R. CAMPBELL."

bill did enter into the election of Mr. Pugh, He was

that State, dated 15th inst., in which he says:

favored the principles of the Douglas bill,

THE DEFICIENCY BILL.

"The deficiency Bill you will observe, after hav-

ing had all of the Custom Houses, Assay Office at New York, &c., stricken out, passed the House of

obnoxious features in it, and especially the appro-

priation made for the Army Officers who composed a

part of the late " Commission of the Armories."

was this nausea in the Bill which controlled the vote

of the Hon. John Letcher on the final passage more

than any thing else. He is most bitterly opposed to

the interference of Army Officers, in civil matters.

and has stood side by side with your Representative

in his able and indefatigable efforts to overthrow the

Military Superintendency over the National Armo-

ries-and all other works, where of late years mili-

ary officers have been foisted over the heads of civil-

ans; and especially the mechanics of the country.-

Rather than let his vote be construed as even an im

plied sanction of the principle or practice of employ-

ing these military gentlemen he voted against the whole Bill. The House struck this item out of the

first deficiency Bill by as large a majority as they re-

tained it in this. Let this be considered a precedent

and these men will want extra pay for every little

duty they may be detailed for. Keep them in their

proper "line of duty," and give them their regular

LAW MAKING.

The Legislature of Virginia, at its late ses-

sion, passed 227 acts, many of which are of a

highly important character. The Legislature

of Kentucky, which adjourned its session on

the 10th instant, passed the unprecedented

number of between ten and eleven hundred

acts. The "Frankfort Commonwealth" says-

that the amount of business done is unprece-

dented in the history of the legislation of that

RESUMPTION OF MINING.

of the miners have signified their anxiety to re-

MONOCOCY BRIDGE.

the 17th, was on Tuesday evening, 21st inst.,

piece, and less in size than a quarter dollar .-

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.

ate will stand 10 democrats to 2 coalitionists,

and the House 164 dem., to 145 coalitionists.

The vote for Governor, in all but 13 small

towns, stands: Baker, dem., 29,122; Bell,

whig, 16,821; Perkins, free-soil, 10,938.-

MR. DANIEL, our charge to Sardinia,

According to the Concord Patriot the Sen-

been suggested in some of the papers.

This Bridge, on the Baltimore and Ohio

nal says, will be promptly afforded.

trains to pass as heretofore.

pay, and no one can complain."

firm your statements.

this bill, says:

"Yours, with respect,

editorial in that paper, of Friday, says :

us to prepare to defend ourselves:

cal liberty."

is destroyed.

anguage, and has a point in which Napoleon un-

mal State documents which have passed between

Per Steamer Pacific. Manifesto of the Emperor of Russia-Details of the Battle in the Dark-The Fleets-English War Preparations-The Czar's Reply to Napoleon.

The rumored fall of Kalefat is only briefly menoned, and not credited, but left the public mind in ne most trembling state of anxity. It appears in the 3d edition of the Morning Herald of the 8th ast, announcing the arrival of a messenger, who was immediately closeted with the Queen, and rought the announcement that the Russians had caried Kalefat, and massacred all within its walls.-No details are given.

THE WAR IN THE EAST. Manifesto of the Czar Nicholas. "WE, Nicholas the First, &c., have already aformed our beloved and faithful subjects of the rogress of our disagreements with the Ottoman

"Since then, although hostilities have commenced we have not ceased sincerely to wish, as we still wish, the cessation of bloodshed. We even enter-tained the hope that reflection and time would conince the Turkish Government of its misconcep engendered by treacherous instigations, in which our just demands, founded on treaties, have been represented as attempts at its independence and veiling intentions of aggrandizement. Vain, however, have een our expectations, so far.

"The English and French Governmentr have sided with Turkey, and the appearance of the combined fleets at Constantinople, served as a further incentive to its obstinacy; and now, both the Western Powers, without previously declaring war, have sent their fleets into the Black Sea, proclaiming their intention to protect the Turks, and to impede the free inasmuch as it cuts off one of the great sources from which Western Europe draws its supply. In 1849 the amount of wheat and flour imported into Great Britain from Russia was 599,566 quarters; an amount which cannot be withdrawn without of course seriously affecting the demand from other navigation of our vessels of war for the defence of our coasts. After so unheard of a course among rivilized nations, we recalled our embassies from England and France, and have broken off all politi-The rumored fall of Kalefat and massacre of the Turkcal intercourse with those powers,
"Thus, England and France have sided with the hension was manifested that the Russian fleet would

nemies of Christianity against Russia, who is comnating for the orthodox faith. escape from the Baltic, and a portion of the British "But Russia will not betray her holy calling: and fleet was to proceed immediately to prevent such an if enemies infringe our frontiers, we are ready to meet them with the firmness bequeathed to us by our forefathers. Are we not the same Russian nation of whose exploits the memorable events of 1812 The Washington Union seems to consider our re-

bear witness? ations with Spain to be in a critical condition. An "May the Almighty assist us to prove this by deeds. With this hope, combating for our persecuted brethren, followers of the faith of Christ, with one accord let all Russia exclaim-Oh! Lord, our Reare not long to enjoy uninterrupted peace with Spain. We feared as much when we saw Pezuela deemer! whom shall we fear? May God be glorified and his enemies be scattered.—St. Petersburg, 9th, appointed Captain-General of Cuba, under what we believed at the fime to be British dictation. Lord (21st) Feb., 1854."

The Danube.

There is nothing new from the Danube, so far as this functionary was in accordance with the wishes of the Aberdeen ministry, And for what did Vic-toria's government desire him? Because of his he relative positions of the two armies is concerned. operations of magnitude are retarded by the bad known inveterate hostility to the United States and veather, but a constant succession of minor eacoun their institutions, as manifested during his resiters are reported. In almost all these conflicts the dence at Porto Rico, as Captain General, and after-Turks are the aggressors, and generally come off victors. From all indications, however, the Russians, slowly as they move, are preparing for a grand stroke; notwithstanding that a Russian dispatch from It then proceeds to declare that if England and France think proper to endorse this wrong-if they Krajova, February 24th says, "that they still main-tain the defensive, and as yet show no disposition to send their vessels to the coasts of Cuba to protect the authorities there in the wanton outrage which attack Kalefat," Other letters from Bucharest, February 16th, state that at Brailow and near Guirgevo has occurred in the instance of the Black Warrior-(the Russians,) were still busied in preour duty will be too clear to admit of a doubt upon paring pontoons and other means of passage of the the subject. And in conclusion it thus admonishes

> On the 17th of February a conflict took place by mistake between two columns of the Russian army The Turkish positions are extended in an easterly direction, as far as the village of Cuiperceni, which is about a mile distant from Kalefat. For several days a Turkish corps, 4000 strong, under the command of Col. Mirolai, had been posted in front of this village, slaught during the night of the 16th. For this purpose two Russian columns were brought up, each from 4,000 to 5,000 strong—one from the road which leads to Kalefat, from about the village of Scribezi, and the other from the left side of it, from about Poisna (Prince Milosch's property,) to advance unexpectedly upon the Turks, to surprise, enclose them, and cut them to pieces. The Russian columns com-

known at least to about thirty of us to be in favor by 4 o'clock reach a position from whence they of it-and we were in favor of him on account of were only half an hour's march from the Turkish t. When I say thirty, I mean those who voted oriinally for. Mr. Manypanny; for there were others I The second column seems either to have missed the could name, who voted for Pugh because they knew lirection by mistaking the road, or to have come up him to be sound on that question. I cannot state long after its time. Be this as it may, the latter co how many voted for Mr. Pugh on this account, but I umns, in the obscurity of a foggy night, conclided the former one to be a body of hostile Turks, and inhappen to know enough of the arrangements, to know that he could not have been elected without he had stantly opened upon them a terrific cannonade, which he others, who labored under the same mistake, re-"You can use this as you please. I have conversed urned with yet more deadly effect, Pressing towith many fellow members, and they coincide with vards each other it came ere long to a close fire of what I say. We approve of your course, and consmall arms. This all-omened combat lasted for an nour and a half, until when day dawned, the combat-The Washington correspondent of the Virginia Republican in noticing the passage of

ants saw with horror the error they had committed. The loss in killed and wounded in the course of this night's encounter, is reckoned by the Russians themseives at several hundreds. The Turks were naturally alarmed at every point; and at Widdin which is but a league and a half distant, Omer Pacha, on earing the cannonade took all the requisite measares for defence. The Turkish corps stationed at Cuiperceni stood to arms in readiness for action at any moment, but did not advance as it was at a loss Representatives by a large majority. The Bill as it to imagine or comprehend what the Russians were passed, is not as obnoxious as the first Bill was which about, murdering one another in that style. It was was defeated some weeks ago. But yet it had some | not till between 7 and 8 A. M, that the Russian col-

umns withdrew to their respective positions carrying their wounded along with them, The Fleets. Constantinople letters of Feb. 20th mention that he Anglo-French convoy, which accompanied the Turkish transports with troops and stores into the Black Sea, had not returned, but was hourly expected. The naval division that had been cruising in the Black Sea had returned to anchorage, and would not again set sail until joined by the detachment from Batoum. The French steamer Mogador saw a Russian fleet of six line-of-battle ships and several frigates at anchor off Caffæ. The French Government has advertised for one hundred ships to carry

men and stores from Marseilles to the war.

English War Preparations. The preparations for war are nnceasing. The workman labor in the navy yards night and day, and each ship as fitted hastens to join the rendezvous at Spithead. The crews of the fleet are daily practised in gunnery and naval manœnvres. The Queen will review the fleet ere its departure, which is fixed for the 7th or 8th. In the land service all is activity. Voluntary enlistment keeps the ranks full, and Government is, on its part, doing all that can be done for the good of the men. An extra supply of under clothing is provided, provisions of the best quality, medical and surgical attendance of the best that has ever been sent into the field—spiritual consolation for different sects is provided, and last not least, as an Englishment is nought without his beer, a conract has been entered into to supply the camp in Turkey with the best quality of porter at three-pence per quart, half price. Beyond this a parental Gov-

The Czar's Reply to Napoleon's Letter. The Moniteur publishes in full the Czar's reply to the Emperor Napoleon's letter. The Czar writes as

St. Petersburg, Jan. 28 (Feb 9.) The Cumberland Miners' Journal says that "Sire-I cannot better reply to your Majesty than by repeating, as they belong to me, the words with which your letter terminates, our relations ought there is some hope that mining operations will be resumed at an early day. A number to be sincerely amicable and should be based upon ne same intentions—the maintenance of order, the ove of peace, respect for treaties, and reciprocal good commence work if they can be protected from feeling. Your Majesty, in accepting this programme as I had traced it, say that you remained faithful to personal violence. This protection, the Jour-I dare believe and my conscience tells me so, that I have not exceeded its limits; for, in the affair which has excited division between us, the origin of which is not to be attributed to me. I have always sought to maintain friendly relations with France, and I have always endeavored to avoid any-Railroad, though entirely consumed by fire on ing which might clash with the religion profess by your majesty. I have made for the maintenance of peace all the concessions, both of formand sub-stance, compatible with my honor, and, in claiming for my co-religionists in Turkey the confirmation so far temporarily repaired as to allow all the of the rights and privileges which they have long acquired at the price of Russian blood, I claimed nothing which was not confirmed by treaties. If From one of our exchanges we learn that the the Porte had been left to herself, the difference proposed "new cent" is to be of white metal. which have so long kept Europe in suspense would resembling silver in appearance, with a round have been solved. A fatal influence has thrown everything into confusion. By provoking gratuitous suspicions, by exciting the fanaticism of the Turks, and by deceiving their Government as to my intentions and the real scope of my demands, it has so exaggerated the extent of the questions that the probable result seems to be war. and slightly raised edge. It is about 8-10ths of an inch in diameter, larger than a ten cent

There is not to be any hole in the coin, as has Your Majesty must allow me not to enter too much in detail into the circumstances as they present themselves to you in your letter, in which those circumstances are marked out. Several acts on my circumstances are marked out. Several acts on my part, appreciated with little accuracy, according to my opinion, and more than one fact preverted, would require, in order to be properly rectified, at least as I conceive, long developments, into which it would not be proper to enter in a correspondence between Sovereign and Sovereign. For instance, your Majesty attributes to the occupation of the Principalities the evil of having suddenly transported the question from the region of discussion to that of fact; but your Majesty leaves out of view the circumstances question from the region of discussion to that of fact; but your Majesty leaves out of view the circumstances that this occupation, still purely conditional, was preceded, and in a great measure caused, by a very important previous fact—the appearance of the combined fleet in the vicinity of the Dardanelles; and besides this, much before that period, when England hesitated to assume a hostile attitude, your Majesty took the initative in sending your fleet as far as Salamis. This wounding demonstration certainly exhibited little confidence in me. It was calculated to encourage the Turks, and to paralise beforehand

hibited little confidence in me. It was calculated to encourage the Turks, and to paralise beforehand the success of negotiations by giving them the idea that France and England were ready to support their cause under all circumstances.

In the same way your Majesty makes it appear the explanatory commentaries of my Cabinet upon the Vienna Note rendered it impossible for France and England to recommend its adoption by the Porte; but your Majesty may recollect that our commentaries followed, and did not precede, the pure and simple non-acceptance of the Note, and I believe that the Powers were so little seriously desirous of peace, that they confined themselves to the claims of the pure and simple adoption of that Note, instead of allowing the Porte to modify what we had of allowing the Porte to modify what we had

protecting the lives and properties of English French subjects; and in order to allow the to enter, without violating the treaty of 18 was necessary that the Ottoman Government s

My opinion is, that if France and desired peace as much as I, they would at ar have prevented that declaration of war, or, we declared, have taken care that it should he wish to confine it on the Danube, so that I migh not be compelled by force to abandon the purely de-fensive system which I wished to adopt. But from the moment when the Turks were allowed to attack our Asiatic territory, to carry away one of our fron-tier post (even before the term fixed for the com-mencement of hostilities,) to blockade Akalttzik, and to ravage the province of Armenia—from the moment when the Turkish fleet was allowed to transport troops, arms, and munitions of war to coasts, could it be, reasonably hoped that we sho wait patiently the result of such an attempt? wait patiently the result of such an attempt? Was it not to be supposed that we should do all we could to prevent it? The affair of Sinope was the result of it. The affair was the forced consequence of the attitude adopted by the two Powers, and the result certainly could not have been unexpected. I had declared my wish to remain upon the defensive, but before war broke out, as far as my honor and my terests could permit me to do so, and so long as

the war was restrained within certain limits.

Has all been done which ought to have been done, to prevent these limits being exceeded? If the character of spectator, or even that of mediator, was not sufficient for your Majesty; and if your Majesty wished to become the armed auxiliary of my enemies, then, Sire, it would have been more honorable and more worthy of you to have told me so frankly before hand, by declaring war against me. Each of us would then have known the part he had to play. But is it an equitable proceeding for those to make a crime of that, even after it has happened, which they did nothing to prevent? If the cannon-shot of Sinope reveberated painfully on the hearts of all those who in France and England appreciate the national dignity, does your Majesty think that the menacing presence, at the entrance of the Bosphorus, of the three thousand pieces of caunon, of which you speak, and the report of their entrance into the Black Sea, remain without echo in the hearts of the nation

whose honor I have to defend, I learn from your Majesty for the first time, (for the verbal declarations made to me up to this per have made no such allusion,) that while protect the reinforcements of Turkish troops upon their own territory, the two Powers have resolved to prohibit to us the navigation of the Black Sea, that is to say, apparently, to take from us the right of strengthening our own coasts. I leave it to your Majesty to consider if that be, as you say, the way to facilitate the conclusion of peace, and it, in the alternative, which is placed before me I am permitted to discuss, or even to examine for a moment, your proposals for an armistice, the immediate evacuation of the Principalities, and the negotiation with the Porte of a convention to be submitted to a conference of the four Powers. Would you yourself, Sire, if you were in my place, accept such a proposition? Would your national feeling allow you to do so? I boldly an-

swer, No. Allow me, then, in my turn, the right of thinking as you would think yourself.

Whatever your Majesty may decide, menaces will not induce me to recede. My confidence is in God, and in my right, and Russia, as I can guarantee, will prove herself in 1854, what she was in 1812. If, however, your Majesty, less indifferent to my hon-our, should frankly return to our programme—if you should proffer me a cordial hand, as I naw offer it to you at this last moment—I will willingly forget whatever has wounded my feelings in the Then, Sire, but then only, we may discuss, and perhaps, we may come to an understanding. Let your fleet limit itself to preventing the Turks from sending additional forces to the theatre of war. I willingly promise that they shall have nothing to fear from my attempts. Let them send a negotiator, I will receive him in a suitable manner, My conditions are known at Vienna. That is the only basis upon which I can allow discussion. I beg your Majesty to believe in the sincerity of the sentiments with which I am,

Sire, your Majesty's good friend,

ARRIVAL OF THE ISABEL. menced their march at 3 o'clock in the morning, and Important from Havana-The Black Warrior given up to her Commander, &c. CHARLESTON, March '25.—The steamer Isabel, Cap-tain Rollins, with dates from Havana and Key West

to the 22d inst., arrived this morning. The steamer Black Warrior has been given up to Captain Bullock upon the payment of the fine of \$6,000. The Captain received her under protest, on account of damages to be demanded. The vessel had received considerable injury from neglect, The American Consul had declined receiving her, considering the matter in the hands of his govern-Sir Charles Grey, ex-Governor of Jamaica, came a

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO. Santa Anna in the Field.

NEW ORLEANS, March 25 .- Dates from the city of Mexico to the 16th inst, have been received. Santa had left the capital on the 12th inst, to take the field in person against Gen, Alvarez. The latter is represent ed to be surrounded in his mountain retreat, destitute of money and provisions, and nearly deserted by his adherents,

THE PRESIDENT FOR THE BILL. Anticipating the defeat of the Nebraska Bill, the Whig press of the South persist in holding the Presjustify the imputation of bad faith on the part of the President in support of the Bill by groundless assertion and the authority of incredible rumor, and not by any positive and authentic testimony. We might discredit the shameless statements of the Whig press of the South, by the adverse testimony of Whig journals in the North, which denounce Mr. Pierce in the strongest terms of denunciation as the active, faithful and efficient friend of the Bill. We have, bowever, higher and better evidence of this fact than We have ourselves heard the Presiden self then ardent friend of the Nebraska bill, with that warmth and emphasis of expression habitual with men of his impulsive and generous nature; and we have heard him justify his positions with a strength of argument which no impartial mind could resist,-Nor does he communicate his views with any reserve or obligation of confidence. They are free to all who may seek to know them, and if there was any occasion for their official promulgation, they would be given to the country in a shape which none could

It is perfectly well known in Washington, that the President is employing every legitimate influence in behalf of the bill. The enemies of the bill treat it as an Administration measure, and such, in truth, it is, If any Southern Whig honestly distrusts the good faith of President Pierce or his Cabinet in respect to the bill, we suggest to him not to seek a satsfactory solution of his doubts from the Whig press, but to solicit the opinion of his representative on the subject. Or. if he prefer to draw his information from a higher source still, let him make inquiry of Edward Everett, Truman Smith, Badger, or any other accredited leader of the Whig party. We venture to say he will get no doubtful or adverse response.—Richmond Enquirer.

COUNTERFEIT GOLD DOLLARS .- The Buffao Republic mentions the appearance in that city of gold dollars, which proves that the bogus mint is in operation, and its issues are circulating. The metal of which it is made is copper. A very thin covering of gold, which conceals the baser metal, was probably put on by galvanism.

STABBING AND PROBABLE MURDER.-Wm. Kinada. mate of the steamer Thomas Swann, was stabbed on Wednesday at Wheeling by a man named Francis Horon, who had been a deck hand on the steamer Baltimore. He was arrested. Kinada was taken on board the Swann to be conveyed to Cincinnati, where he resided, but it was not expected he would live to reach that city.

How to Dispose or Beggars.-In Boston there has mendicants in the streets since the organ Most of our citizens give a beggar an order upon a visitor connected with the associated so This visitor is assigned one of the 176 districts into which the city is divided, and if the case is a deserving one, relief of all kinds is furnished. There is, fore, no excuse for street-begging here.

A FORTUNATE MAN .- On the 4th of March last, Mr John Thomas, of Tangier Island, in the county of Accomac, Va., received an accession of four grand children born on that night, by three of his daugh-

.... A despatch from Washington says: "Our news from Central America is important. Gen. Car-rera has declared himself Emperor of Guatemala, and manifests his disposition to help Santa Anna and Mexico against the United States."

.... The Kentucky legislature have passed a law prohibiting the carrying of concealed weapons.
.... The Bank of Rockingham, Va., has commenced operations. Nearly the whole of the \$200,-000 of the capital stock has been taken. The Philadelphia Methodist Episcopal Annual Conference met at Reading, Pa., last week, Bishop Ames presiding.

.... The Nebraska Indians, who have been sojourning in Washington for several weeks, left on their return home on Saturday. .... The Annual Conference of the Methodist

Episcopal Church South, commenced its session tockton, California, on the 22d of February, Bip Soule, presiding The Rev. Dr. J. Boring and Rev. A. M. Wyman were elected delegates to the conference, to be held at Louisville in Months.

joined at Brussels by Mrs. O'Brien and family. They will reside, some time, in the Con-

OCKING RAILROAD ACCIDENT. The New York Express of Thursday evening says dreadful accident happened on the Central Railroad at ten o'clock on Tuesday evening, the particulars of which is gathered from a gentleman who

was a passenger in the train at the time. The express train coming east, when about nine miles west of Syracuse, in consequence of the brakeman turning off the wrong swith, came in collision with a freight train, on the other track.

The shock was tremendous and the effects appalation. ling. The baggage car of the express train was flung over on one side—the locomotive demolishing one of the freight cars, literally bounded up on those farther ahead, and it remained in that position when

The first shock of the concussion sent the engineer needlong through the passenger car nearest the en-rine. He was terribly mangled. The poor fellow fied almost immediately, shricking "For God's man, and is said to have resided in Rochester, where

he has a family.

The fireman was very badly hurt, but may re-There were other persons on the engine and ten-er, but they jumped off, and escaped with slight

In the freight train there was a man asleep, an Indian, it is said, who was instantly killed. His body was literally crushed to a jelly, and had to be lifted peacemeal from amongst the rubbish.

The scene is reported to have been one of the most inful imaginable. There were about three hun-

painful imaginable. There were about three nun-dred passengers in the train coming East—a major-ity of whom were ladies.

On experiencing the first shock, a scream of ter-ror was raised, the passengers all springing sponta-neously from their seats, and rushing frantically to-wards the door. "Sit down! sit down! and you will all be safe!" some gentleman shouted, and not in vain! The panic was over in a moment, and our informant assures, not one of the persons was materially injured; but their escape under the circumstances, he says, was miraculous. Workmen were engaged during the night clear-ing off the wreck and making arrangement for bury-

The train coming east consisted of five passenger cars, and at the time of the collision it was supposed to be going at the sate of thirty miles an hour. All the platforms were smashed and many of the windows stove in, but apart from this no injury was Great indignation is expressed in reference to the switchman, of whose carelessness this shocking af-fair is the result. As he was not seen after the colli-

sion, it is supposed he has run off to escape arrest. FIRES IN LOUDOUN. On Saturday night last, the barn, stabling and carriage house belonging Gen. Asa Rogers, in Middleburg, was destroyed by fire. It was, we learn, beyond doubt the act of an incendiary. The Gen-

eral's loss will be upwards of \$600, as the property On Monday last, in Middleburg, the Tavern of Mr. R. Smith, was set on fire during the day, but was discovered in time to extinguish it before very serious damage was done.
On Monday night, a stable several miles east of Leesburg, near the Washington Turnpike, was burnt,

longing to Mr. Muse. The amount of the loss not We extract the following from a letter received from a gentleman, near Bolington, in this county:
"We had a large fire on Saturday morning, 18th inst, near Bolington. The farm house belonging to Mr. Daniel Boland, occupied by Mr. O'Neal, was consumed by fire on Saturday morning last. Every thing was burnt, even the clothing of Mr. O'Neal and family which they had divested themselves of when

retiring to rest." The incendiaries seem to have selected the county of Loudoun for the present year, as the field upon which they are to display their grandest and most villainant powers of destruction. Scarcely a week but some neighborhood is startled at the hour of midnight with the frightful alarm, and some citizen witnesses the destruction of his property. There must either be a band of feedish scoundrels lurking through the county, or else certain localities are cursed with some miserable wretches who seek a devilish gratification in this clamming way. Some scheme ought to be devised for their detection. If this state of affairs longer exists, it will become necessary for every citizen of the county to hold a night watch about his premises to render them secure. - Washing-Jonian, 24th inst.

BESTRUCTION BY FIRE. The alarm of fire on Tuesday evening, about the mour of nine, was caused by the burning of a stable on the Valley Bank premises, near the scene of a similar incendiary attempt only a week ago. Al-though the fine residence of Mrs. Hopkins was in

smmediate danger, the ever-ready firemen succeeded in preventing an extension of the flames. The residence of Bevenly Randolph, near Millwood, Clarke county, was considerably injured by fire, supposed to have occurred accidentally from sparks, on Sunday morning last. The roof and upper portion were burned, but, by active exertions, she main part of the building was saved. [Winchester Republican.

A BIT OF ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE. The Louisville Courier of the 20th relates a recent occurrence in that city that partakes smartly of the comentic and possesses just enough myth to render at descreedy interesting to those fond of mysteries. On Friday morsing previous, near the carner of Third and Jessesses streets, two children, age respectively three years and four months, were snatched very abruptly from the guardianship of a German Bady, placed in a carriage and hurriefily driven off. No chie has since been had to their whereabouts, and the lady-Mrs. Brieswalter-under whose protection they had been since birth, has felt at liberty to give some facts connected with their parentage. They

are briefly the following: Three years age, Mrs. B. was called to a retired spartment to act as midwife for a lady whose counenance she was not allowed to see, and which was hid by a think veil. A gentleman slone was present. After a long interval—indeed, only three or four months age—Mrs. B. was again called upon to officiate by the same persons, the lady being again closely seiled. Who those individuals are no one knows. Various conjectures are affort with referencets a private marriage, and the necessity of the male party keeping it a secret, in order to secure a patrimony. We cannot wouch, says the Courier, for she accuracy of such a story. It is, however, reasonable to suppose that it was the father who had the children abducted, siace he has been constant in furnishing Mrs. Brieswalter with the means requisite

DEATH-BED CONFESSION OF MURDER. - A shocking murder of a young German was perpetuated on the Battery, in New York, some two years since, at a late bour of the night; and the case was investigated by Coroner Ives, but no clue to the affair was obtained. The Mayor offered a reward of \$500 for the murderer's apprehension, but it had no effect, and every idea of arresting the assassin was abundoned. The N. Y. Times, however, says that a few days ago, a notorious convict known as "French," who was arrested with the two murderers, Saul and Howlett, died in the Sing Sing State prison. A few moments before the poor wretch breathed his last, he confessed to the keeper that the murder was committed by Saul, Howlett, Johnsen, (now in State prison) and himself, for the paltry saw of \$35, which they stole from the corpse, and then pitched it over the railing near Castle Garden.

for their proper maintenance.

Mr. Savage.—The population of this place is now more than five thousand, and so great is the demand for houses that the company are about to erect a large number of new ones. The manufacture of iron and fire brick gives employment to mose than one thou-sand men. Two blast furnaces are in full operation, and the Rolling Mill is going night and day, turning out rails of the Latrobe pattern, 2 large unt of which is now ready for delivery to order. demand for fire brick is increasing every day, and they are sent off, east and west, as fast as cars can be obtained to transport them. Mt. Savage is going ahead!—Cumberland Journal.

BURNING IN EFFICY.—Almost every mail brings us accounts of this foolish mode of manifulng popular odium. All over the free States, especially in the West, stuffed effigies are hung up, labelled "Douglas," and burnt amidst the hootings of mobs.
All decent men should discountenance such unseemly exhibitions. People who have no better mode of manifesting their attachment to freedom, and their respect for plighted faith, ought to keep silent.

[Prov. Journal.

San Visitation.—With regret we have heard the report confirmed of the existence of small pox in Gainsboro' and its vicinity. Something like forty cases have occurred, though the deaths have been comparatively few. Proper precautions have been adopted to prevent an increase of the disease. [Winchester Republican.

THE RESULT OF PASSION.-A gentleman name Scarborough, of Prince George county, Va., while in a temporary fit of passion, on Sunday last, accidentally shot himself by thrusting to the ground, with violence, the butt of a gun, causing it to explode, and sending the load into his body, producing wounds from which it is thought he cannot re-

Ar Accomplished Coloned Servant.—It is stated that Judge Mason, our Minister to France, has employed a tall colored man of the true Virginia type, who was taken to Paris fifteen years ago, by an American Minister, and who has remained in Europe ever since, in the employ of American Ministers, either at Paris, St. Petersburg or in Germany. He speaks French, Russian and German, and is a polite and a well raised Virginia servant united to a French dancing master.

The alleged fugitive slave, who was found secreted under the guards of the steamer Keystone State, on the Beleware, while returning from Savannah, a few days ago, it is now pretty satisfactorily ascertained is a free man, who was employed at Harrisburg on a canal boat, by two white men, who brought him to Balitmore, and then took him to Charleston where he left them and proceeded shope ston, where he left them and proceeded alone rannah. They paid him his salary regularly, ould not give him the necessary papers to re-nome. This, it is said, juduced him to secrete

OHIO CATTLE.—A New York paper says: "Two droves of beef cattle were sold in this city, last week, which are worthy of special no-tice—one, consisting of 124 head, from the farm of Thomas Renick, of Ohio, sold at an average of \$80, producing a total of \$9,920 the other from the farm of Col. Elias Florence of Pickaway county, Ohio, consisting of 102 head, sold for an average of \$108, making \$11,016 for the lot. They were all Durham grades, had been fed two years, and were nearly all four years old."

THE INSTRUCTIONS TO MR. SOULE.—The New York Sun says it learns from private sources that Secretary Marcy "has instructed Mr. Soule, our Minister at Madrid, to make the demand for indemnity and apology in the most peremptory manner; and should the Spanish government hesitate, or put off its reply, under pretence of waiting for information from Havana, Mr. Soule is to lose no time in communicating the fact to Washington when our government wi proceed instanter to blockade every Cuban port."

COUNTY ELECTION.

Election Day 4th Thursday in May. There will be no State Election this year in Vin ginia, though each county of the Commonwealth will be required to elect on the 4th Thursday of May its Sheriff, Commissioner of the Revenue, and the Constables for the several Districts into which the county may be apportioned—all of which officers serve

"Spirit of Jefferson," is \$5.00, and no announcement will be published until the same is paid, or a responsible name accompany the order.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

SHERIFFALTY NOMINATIONS. 03-We have been requested to state that Capt. John Avis, who is one of the candidates for the Sheriffalty in this county, has been confined to his bed by severe indisposition for the last several days, but hopes in a short time again to be able to pay his respects to the people in person, M-We are authorized to announce Henry Tim-

berlake as a candidate for the uext Sheriffalty of Jefferson county. [Nov'r 22, 1853. We are authorized to announce, Capt. George W. Sappington as a candidate for the next Sher iffalty of Jefferson county. [Nov. 22, 1853,

http://www.moore.com/states/figures/fi 17-We are authorized to announce John Avis, jr., Esq., as a candidate for the next Sheriffalty of Jefferson county. [Dec'r 6, 1853. To the Voters of the Jefferson County:

BELIEVING myself to be well qualified to discharge all the duties of Sheriff, I have yielded to the ear-

nest solicitation of many of my friends to become a candidate for the next Sheriffalty, and flatter myself with the hope that my intimate acquaintance with the voters of Jefferson county, will ensure my election.

Nov'r 29, 1853

G. W. SAPPINGTON. COMMISSIONER OR REVENUE. (15-We are authorized to announce SAMUEI STONE as a candidate for Commissioner of the Re-

venue for this County for the next term. March 21, 1854. CONSTABLES. My-We are authorized to announce GFORGE MURPHY, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable, in the Smithfield District.

March 21, 1854.

My We are authorized to announce Capt. JOHN REED as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable in District No. 3.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS JOHNSON, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable in District No. 3. Feb. 14, 1854. 15-I offer myself as a candidate for the office of

Constable for the 4th election District of Jefferson county. Should my friends elect me, I promise to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and to Ar-We are authorized to announce CHARLES G. BRAGG, as a candidate for Constable, in District No. 4, at the next election. [Dec. 27, 1853. Ne We are authorised to nominate Samuel C. Young as a candidate for the office of Constable in District No. 4. If elected, his best efforts will be given

to the discharge of the duties which the office imposes. MANY VOTERS. Dec. 20, 1853. We have been requested to announce Mr. WIL-LIAM WEST, as a candidate for re-election as Con-stable in the Kabletown District, No. 1. He claims to have discharged the duties of his office with fidelity to the public reterest, and a conscientious discharge of the responsibilities imposed. He shall be grateful to

eccive again the support of the people of the District. February 7, 1854. CLARKE COUNTY. M-Having had some experience in the duties of Sheriff, I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for that responsible office for the County of Clarke and hope it may be the pleasure of her citizens again

E. T. HANCOCK. March 21, 1354-te 65-We are authorized to announce JOHN PIERCE Jr., as a Candidate for the next Sherifalty of Clarke

Special Potices.

& By Divine Permission the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered in the Pres-byterian Church, in this town, on the next Sabbath. The public services of the occasion will commence on Friday night next, at 7; o'clock.

MONEY WANTED. ON the first of April next, the Printer has fivehundred dollars to pay, and as from his engagements, no less than the effects of a severe cold, he will be unable to make any personal effort at collection, he most earnestly and respectfully desires that those who know themselves to be indebted will enclose per mail either whole or part of such indebtedress. are surely 100 of our patrons, who are indebted to the extent of from ten to twenty-five dollars, can send as five dollars on account during the month, and hereby relieve us of embarrasment, and we hope put their consience at ease. This is no fancy sketch, but plain matter of facts, and we hope may be so regarded b all for whom it is intended. THE PRINTER.

Patriot says: This medicine, which has been before the public for many years, has met with remarkable success, as we have seen from the most respectable sources. A large number of patients who have been relieved, and a number of the medical profession also, who have used it in their practice, have voluntarily given their certificates of recommendation to the pro-

We are decidedly opposed to puffing quack nostrums, but as we have seen so many letters to Messrs. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, from the sources above mentioned, we feel it to be nothing more than justice to call the attention of the public to their advertisement in to-day's paper. For sale by
L. M. SMITH, Charlestown

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry. L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. Dr. MOTT, Leesburg ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown

And by Dealers everywhere. 13-Consumption is, without doubt, the most fearfully fatalofall diseases, (except epidemics.) annually carrying thousands to untimely graves. How often could the ravages of this arch destroyer be prevented, if timely remedies were used in allaying the inflammation produced by an ordinary cold.—For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, and all similar diseases. eases, STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPEC-TORANT has no equal. It is not recommended as infallible, but medical men and others, who have used and administered it, bear testimony to its extraordinary efficacy. It is known to be a "good medicine," and as such is offered to the public, as also STA-BLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL, for diseases of the bowels. See advertisement in another column, and descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis. Price of each, only 50 cents, or six bottles for \$2.50.

17-Henry's Invigorating Cordinal.—The merits of this purely vegetable extract for the removal and cure of physical prostration, genital debility, nervous affections, &c. &c. are fully described in another column of this paper, to which the reader is referred. \$2 per bottle, 3 bottles for \$5, 6 bottles for \$8; \$16 per dozen. — Observe the marks of the

Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, below Eighth. Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS-ED.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 24, 1004.

FLOUR, per barrel. \$7 00 a 7 12

CORN, per bushel. 0 65 a 0 70

WHEAT, white, per bushel 1 60 a 1 65

Do. red, do. 1 50 a 1 60

For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale agents for Virginia. 63-Bank Notes for sale.—We have just printed, and have on hand and for sale, a large assortment of Negotible and Prommissary Notes, Blank Checks, Hiring Bonds, and a general assortment of Lawyer's, Constable's, and Sheriff's Blanks, as well as Deeds of Bargain and Sale, Deeds of Trust, &c., all executed in the best style and on the best quality of paper.

quality of paper.

JOB WORK, of all description, executed at the shortest notice, and in the best manner. Having a large and varied assortment of type, we are prepared to execute Pamphlets, Constitution and By-Laws for any of the Orders, in the best style, and on the most reasonable terms.

From those in want, we invite a call.

January 10, 1854. ganuary 10, 1894.

193 Kossuth, according to reports, is preparing for a revolutionary attempt in Europe as soon as the proper time may arrive. We may then look for a revival of the Kossuth Hats and other revolutionary fashions. But we have no doubt the Philadelphia public, no matter what may be the changes in dress, will still continue to provide themselves with CLOTHING from ROCKHILL & WILSON'S Cheap and Elegant Clothing Store, No. 111 Chesnut street, corner of Franklin Place

December 27, 1853—2m

its Wanted.—Wood or Corn, a few hundred weight of Pork, and Country Produce generally, will be received in payment of dues to
January 10, 1854. THIS OFFICE. himself on the steamer.

It is said that 10,000 panes of window glass were broken in the town of Abingdon, Va, by hail, on the 16th.

Captain Hamlin L. Shields of the 3d Artille will he regarded as payments. His offices are: Boston, Scollay's Building; New York, and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His receipts will he regarded as payments, His offices are: Boston, Scollay's Building; New York, Tribune Buildings; Philadelphia, N. W, corner Third and Cheston of the state of the state

GEORGE LAW'S MUSKET SPECILATION. It is stated that George Sanders, late Consul in London, has effected the sale of 200,000 of the famous U. States muskets connected with the operations of George Law. Their sale, it is also said, was made to certain revolutionary capitalists in London, in preparation for the explosion of democracy on the Continent as soon as France and England shall have been actively engaged with Russia. Over one million of dollars have been paid for them, and Geo. Sanders' commissions will be \$100,000, and George Law's profits probably \$500,000.

THE MILWAURIE FUGITIVE-SLAVE CASE .-Mr. Booth, the editor and proprietor of the Milwankie Free Democrat, has been arrested on a charge of obstructing the enforcement of the fugitive-slave law in the case of Joshua Gover, the fugitive slave of Mr. Garland, of

ACCIDENT ON THE CENTRAL RAILROAD .-We regret to learn that an accident, resulting in the loss of life, occurred on the temporary track of the Central Railroad, on the passage of the Eastern side of the Blue Ridge on Tues day afternoon last. In descending the mountain, it was impossible, to check the momentum of the cars, which produced a concussion, instantly killing the brakesman and injuring a young lady, the daughter of Mr. Kinney, Clerk of the County Court of Augusta.

TURNPIKE TO WINCHESTER .- We are gratified to learn that the road from the Frederick line to Winchester is soon to be put under contract, all the stock for its completion having been taken some weeks since. This insures a good road from Martinsburg to Winchester. and unites us to the Valley, and connects us with Maryland, by good turnpike roads. Martinsburg Republican.

.... Never be afraid of catching cold from a shower of curls.

Marringes. On the 6th instant, at Bolivar, by Rev. DAVID WIL-SON, Mr. ISAAC MATTHEW and Miss MARY A. RICHARDSON—all of this county. On the 15th instant, by Rev. JOSEPH BAKER, Mr. JACOB HUNTSBERRY and Miss CATHARINE BOWMAN-both of Frederick county. At Mountain View, on the 14th instant, by Rev. J. E. Hughes, Mr. SOLOMON G. CUNNINGHAM, of Hardy, and Miss MARY C., eldest daughter of Dr. I. N. Buck, of Front Royal. On Thursday, 16th instant, by Rev. H. R. SMITH, Mr. CHARLES N. HALES and Miss ANN E.

Deaths. In Winchester, on the 20th instant, after a brief illness, of typhoid pneumonia, Mr. JACOB ANDERSON, aged about 55 years. On Tuesday night, 21st instant, Miss EMILY S. DOLL, daughter of Mr. Bernard and Maria E. DOLL, of Martinsburg, aged 19 years 1 month and 11

WORKS-all of Loudoun.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET. CORRESPONDENCE OF THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON, I BALTIMORE, March 24, 1854. CATTLE .- The offerings at the Scales on Monday were about 550 head of Beef Cattle, of which 175 were balance (375 head.) were sold to city butchers at prices ranging from \$3 75 to \$5 25 on the hoof,

ual to \$7 50 a \$10 25 net; and averaging \$4 622 LIVE Hogs.—Sales at \$5 00a \$5 50 per 100 lbs. COFFEE.-The sales of the week comprise 10,000 pags Rio at 10 all to for common to prime qualities. FLOUR—Under the steamer's news, the market has exhibited an improved feeling. There were sales this morning of 1000 bbls. for future delivery at \$7,-25, and on late 'Change there were sales of 700 bbls. for immediate delivery at \$7,311, 400 bbls. at \$7,-25, and 1000 bbls. at \$7.37\frac{1}{2}.

WHEAT.—The offerings of Wheat at market continue quite limited. Up to this morning the entire receipts at the Corn Exchange were only about 7500 bushels. The demand at present is entirely from the millers, and most of the lots offered have been sold to them at prices ranging from 165 to 173c, for fair to prime reds, and 170a178c, for fair to prime whites Some inferior lots of red and white have been sold at a decline of 3 to 5c. on these quotations. Sales this morning of about 300 bushels prime red at 172c.

CORN—The sales this morning were about 10,090 bushels at 70a71 cents for yellow, and 67a70cents
for white. A lot of 2200 bushels mixed Corn sold this morning at 70 cts. CORN MEAL.-Baltimore ground \$3 87 per bbl. The following are the inspections of Flour for the cek ending March 22d: 11,978 bbls. and 120 half bbls. Together with 50 bbls Ryc Flour, and 35 bols CLOVERSEED .- We quote at \$5 00 a 5 25 per

bushel, for fair to prime parcels.

LARD.—We quote bbls at 9½ cts.

WOOL.—Fine fleece 35a45 cts; tubwashed 33a37 cts; pulled 29a33 cts; and unwashed 22a25 cts. WHSKEY .- We note sales of barrels through the week at 26; a 26c. We quote linds, at 25. BALTIMORE MARKET-SATURDAY. FLOUR AND MEAL .- The Flour market is firm and rices further advanced. Sales early in the morning f 1000 bbls. Howard street brands at \$7,37; per

bbl; and subsequently about 800 bbls more at the same price, showing an advance of 37; cents per bbl since the advices by the Pacific. Small sales City Mills at \$7,374, but generally held at \$7,50 per bbl.

Rve Flour 5,56a \$5,62; country Corn Meal \$3, and city do. 4a \$4,12; per bbl.

Grain and Seeds.—Very little Wheat offered, but sales of red at 1,70a \$1,75; white 1,75a \$1,80 per bushel. Corn—About 10,000 bushels offered and sales of white and yellow at 70a72 cents per bushel. Noth-

ing done in Rye or Oats. Cloverseed 5a \$5,25, and Throthy \$3,25 per bushel. Baltimore City Family Market. Prices at the Lexington Market, March 24, 1854. MEATS. FISH. Beef. surloin, per lb 10a15c Rock, large, each 80a1,25 

Pigs, roasters....... \$1 Shad, perpair,....37 2 a 75c BUTTER, CHEESE AND LARD. VEGETABLES. 

Guinea Fowls, pair....37c FRUITS.

Muscovy Ducks,....1a1.25 Apples, per peck.....50c

Eggs, per dozen.....16c dried, per quart..8c

GAME. Peaches, dried, "8a15c

Ducks, canvas back....44 Damsons, "12 a18 Ducks, canvas back....44 Damsons, " 15
" Red Heads, pair...311 Blackberries, " Black Heads, per pair 250 Cherries, stoned, " Pheasants, " \$2 " unstoned, " Partridges, " 62 c Cranberries, "

ALEXANDRIA MARKET. ALEXANDRIA MARKET,
FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 24, 1854.
FAMILY FLOUR, per bbl. \$9 50 a 10 00
SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl. 7 00 a 7 12
WHEAT, (red) per bushel. 1 59 a 1 60
Do. (white) do 1 60 a 1 65
RYE, per bushel. 0 90 a 0 00
CORN, (white) 0 68 a 0 70
Do. (vellow) 0 70 a 0 72 (yellow) . . . . . 0 70 a ( , per bushel . . . . . 0 43 a ( Do. OATS, BUTTER, (roll) ... ... 0 18 a 0
Do. (firkin) ... 0 16 a 0
BACON, (hog round) ... 0 81 a 0 LARD ...

WINCHESTER MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 23, 1854. ORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HARTLEY, AT THE DEPOT ARTICLES. WAGON PRICE. STORE PRICE BACON, new, per lb.....07 a 071 08 a BEESWAX .......25 a 00 25 a CLOVERSEED ........6 25 a 6 75 6 50 a 7 OATS......28 a 31 37 a 

A BRIEF examination of the Public School, of District No. 20, will be held on the 30th, commencing at 11 o'clock, P. M.

The Patrons of said school, and all persons interested, are earnestly requested to attend.

March 28, 1854.

FOR SALE,

Wood work was made by a Winchester workman, and
well seasoned; Ironed in the best style by George W.
Spotts. Application can be made to V. W. MOORE,
or G. W. SPOTTS, Charlestown, Va. Terms, accommodating,

March 28, 1854—3t

TOR SALE.

TORSALE.

TOES, a portion selected for table use, the balance for seed. Also, some home-raised CLOVERSEED of the last crop.

March 25, 1864—3t

L. W. WASHINGTON. FOR SALE.

HAVE on hand six large GRINDSTONES, which I will sell low for cash. Also, 5000 feet of well-seasoned 14-inch PINE PLANK, which I will sell on the same terms.

Harpers-Ferry, March 28, 1854. CEMENT, Hydraulic Cement, in barrels, just received, by H. L. EBY & SON. March 28, 1854.

PUBLIC SALE THE subscriber will sell, at public auction, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of April, 1854, all his ROPERTY, consisting in part as follows: HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE,

5 Beds, Bedsteads and Beddin I Cook Stove and apparatus, I Coal Stove; I Cook Stove and apparatus, I Coal Stove;
I Bedroom Stove;
I Safe, I Bureau, 4 Tables, I Cupboard;
Rocking and other Chairs;
I Copper Kettle, I Preserving do.;
About 1000 lbs. first-rate Bacon, 2 fine Hogs;
I barrel of Vinegar, I excellent Meat Tub, other
Tubs, Buckets and Churns;
About 300 lbs. of Lard;
Chalarre Wessen, Jewy One-horse Wagon, new;
1 Turning Lathe for wood or iron;

ALSO-ALL HIS BLACKSMITHS! TOOLS. CONSISTING IN PART OF—
3 first-rate Bellows, 3 first-rate Anvils;
Box Mandrill, Ladle Moulds;
Hammers, Punches, Screw Plates and Tools of all descriptions; 2 first-rate Vises; Also, new and old Iron Casting;

4 sets of Wagon Tires; Round and square Rods of all kinds; Band Iron Straps, Iron do.; Boxes, Barrels, &c. Terms-A credit of six months will be given on all sums of \$5 and upwards—under that am GEORGE W. CLOSE. March 28, 1854. DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. THE Copartnership heretofore existing between HUNT & SUDDITH, has this day been dissolved

EDWARD HUNT, WM. A. SUDDITH. March 21, 1854. ATTENTION, FARMERS! THE undersigned having bought of HENSON & ROHR, their late Patent for sowing GUANO, which he will use to his Drills only, he is now ready to manufacture at his shop to order, Rohr's WHEAT DRILL, with a considerable improvement upon the oscillating rod—which he thinks will meet the approbation of every farmer. All orders from any part of the State of Virginia will be strictly attended to.

03-COUNTY RIGHTS will be sold to those who

WM. A. SUDDITH. Charlestown, March 23, 1854-8t A SCHOOL TEACHER, in District No. 15. Salary \$275. Apply to GEORGE W. LITTLE,
March 28, 1854.

may wish to buy.

A SCHOOL TEACHER, in District No. 16. Apply to F. M. EICHELBERGER, NOTICE. ALL persons having claims against the Estate of WM. T. DAUGHERTY, dec'd., will present them properly authenticated for settlement. Those indebt-ed by note or otherwise, will be expected to make

CHARLES JOHNSON, March 28, 1854-5t AT a meeting of the Board of School Commissioners of the County of Jefferson, held on Friday last, the Clerk was directed to advertise as follows The following persons were elected as School Commissioners for the year beginning April 1st, 1854, viz:

W. N. Lemen,

John M. Jewett,

John Moler, F. M. Eichelberger, John Moler, John M. Engle,

C. R. Starry, Jacob W. Staley, W. B. Dutton Jas. A. Hurst, W. C. Worthington, Thomas Hite, L. P. W. Balch, W. McCoy, Thomas K. Laley, T. S. Duke, A. C. Heaton, W. O. McCoughtry, Thomas West. W. Engle, L. Etchison W. H. Griggs,
George W. Little,
No returns received from Districts 5, 13, 14, and the Commissioners appointed to hold elections in

said Districts are requested to report. A new elec-tion is directed to be held in Districts Nos. 11 and 25, under the superintendence of the Commissioners for-merly appointed and at the places previously named, and on the 6th day of April next (Thursday) the members of the new Board of Commissioners will meet at the Court-House, on the 7th day of April, WM. C. WORTHINGTON, Clerk School Commissioners Jefferson county. March 23, 1854.

SUPERIOR FLOUR. HOUSEKEEPERS, Dealers and others, wishing to secure a superior article of FAMILY FLOUR, at reduced rates, can do so at the shortest notice by application to Mr. J. R. A. REDMAN of Charlestown. Terms cash. LEWIS FRY & CO. March 29, 1854-tf

THE LAST NOTICE. ALL of those that know themselves indebted to me on old note and account will call and pay the same on or before the 20th of April next, or their claims will positively be disposed of. Why not come and pay to save cost and trouble? Harpers-Ferry, March 21, 1854.

MY STOCK is still large and good and I am clling off on the very best kind of terms for cash, or to my customers at the usual low prices on short time.

N. B. I have for sale 40 bushels of good new clean
CLOVERSEED, at \$6,62 per bushel.

March 21. [FP] PHILIP COONS. FOR RENT. ALEXANDER FORSETT having resigned the ex-ecutorship of George Little, dec'd., and I having qualified as administrator with the will annexed, do

fer, for rent, from the first day of April next, that large two-story STONE BUILDING, good Stable, and other necessary out-buildings, with 4 acres of Land. This property has been occupied for many years as a hotel—being in a good cation in South Bolivar, Jefferson county, Virginia I also offer for tent, from same date, three small OWELLING HOUSES, suitable for small families, adjoining said property. Letters addressed to me at Charlestown, Va., will receive prompt attention. March 21, 1854. JOHN AVIS, Jr., Ad'ınr. with the Will annexed.

FOR SALE. THE BLACKSMITH AND WAGON MAKER'S SHOP, with the lots attached, formerly the property of G. S. Gardner, dec'd. They will make comfortable residences for small families, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Posession given the 1st of April.

March 14, 1854. JAMES W. BELLER.

BOOTS AND SHOES. THE subscriber will continue the Shoe Business on his own account. In addition to the large and well selected stock of Ladies,' Misses' and Children SHOES, he has a large stock of his own manufacture, and is ready to manufacture and that with promptness any orders, of the best material, which may offer. Mr. James McDaniel will give the business his undivided attention. S. RIDENOUR FOR HIRE,

FOR HIRE,

WOMAN, who is good Washer and Ironer, and is capable of doing housework generally. Enquire of PRINTER.

March 21, 1954. TEACHER WANTED, N DISTRICT No. 7. Apply to JOHN MOLER, March 21, 1854.

T ROOMS FOR BOARDERS. HE Rooms in my Hotel, heretofore occupied by John B. H. Fulton, Esq., and family, are now vacant. G. W. SAPPINGTON. Charlestown, March 2!, 1854. GREAT BARGAINS.—In order to make Groom for a very large stock of Domestic and Fancy Goods for the Spring trade, which will be up by the 1st of April, I offer during March a fine assortment of Muslins, Ginghams, Calcoce, brown and bleached Cottons, and a great many other articles at Cost. [March 7] I. ROSE.

FISH.—Mackerel, Herring & Cod-fish, just received by H. L. EBY & SON. THE undersigned returns his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Charle town and vicinity, for the liberal patronage he has received as INSTRUC-TER in the art of PENMASHIP; and hopes to mer-He, having been engaged for semetime in giving instructions, to a class in this place, and, rendered entire satisfaction to those who have been in attendance, still offers his services to all who desire to im-

prove in this noble art. JOHN T. SKINNER. Charlestown, Feb. 28, 1854-tf FOR SALE AND RENT. HE subscriber has for sale a well-broke Yoke of OXEN, and for Rent a HOUSE AND LOT, a good

position for an industrious mechanic or laboring man.

By order of the Board of Directors.

R. JOHNSTON, Treasurer. Alexandria, March 21, 1854-tm

18 BUSHELS prime CLOVERSEED. For sale by March 21, 1854. KEYES & KEARSLEY. INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.

THIS fine young Horse will stand this season, commencing on the 27th of March, and ending on the 24th of June next, (public days excepted,) as follows: On Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays, at the stable of Mr. John McCloy; on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays at the stable of the subscriber, and will be thankful to any gentleman for his support. He will be let to Mares at \$7 insurance, to be paid when the mare proves to be with foal.

All possible care will be taken to prevent accidents, but no responsibility should any occur.

YOUNG CANDIDATE.—This superior and beautiful horse is a dark bay, with fine mane and tail, 5 years old in May; full 16 hands high without shoes, in full health and vigor, with great muscular power and activity, with a gentle disposition, and is calculated either for saddle or harness.

Young Candidate was sired by Boston, and his dam by Hyderally, as for a further pedigree I deem it unnecessary, for he will recommend himself.

March 21, 1854—3t GEORGE W. TABB.

BOOKS! BOOKS! INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.

March 21, 1854—3t GEORGE W. TABB.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE following books are offered for sale on accommodating terms:

Cooledge's Edition of Shakespear;

The Bow in the Cloud, the White veil;

Gems of Beauty, the Gems of the Season;

Leaficts of Memory, Fanny Fern's Port Folio;

Ingersoll's Second War, 2 vols.;

Headley's Second War, 2 vols.;

Weem's Marion, Waem's Washington;

Miss Leslie's Cookery, Mrs. Bliss' Cookery;

Makenzie's 5040 Receipt Book;

Mason's Farrier by Skinner.

For sale by

Charlestown, Feb. 14.

UST RECEIVED-A large stock of Allen celebrated GARDEN SEEDS from the Winches ter Gardens. Warranted fresh and gen JOHN D. LINE.

SEFPERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the Patent Premium Thresher, Cleaner and

And cheapen his operations, including our celebrated Patent Premium Thresher, Cleaner and Hagger,

Which received the First Premium at the Crystal Palace, N. York, tais making 10 Premiums in two seasons, in competition with the most celebrated Separators of the day; proving conclusively, that simplicity is construction, cheapness in price, and durability in machine, is being fully appreciated, and the old complicated costly separators must yield their place to a superior machine. This Machine, for threshing, separating, cleaning twice, screening and bagging, (by one simple operation,) all kinds of Grainthe greatest labor saving machine extant, for simplicity, durability, cheapness and capacity, it has no rival in the world. It is capable of turning out, ready for the mill or for seed, from 300 to 500 bushels of Wheat per day, with 6 or 8 horses, and 8 hands—or from 500 to 800 bushels with 12 horses and as many hands, doing the work cleaner, and breaking less grain, than any machine now in use. This machine received the first premiums at the Maryland State Fair, Balt., in 1852, and 1863; the Washington Co., Md. Fair; Valley Agricultural Fair, of Va., in 1852 and 1863; the Rappahannock Agricultural Society, at Port Royal, Va.; the first premium at the Illinois State Fair, 1853, at Springfield, and a Silver Medal at the Indiana State Fair, at Indianapolis, 1853.

This machine is so simple in construction, that the one fan and shoe completely cleans and bags the grain, dispensing with all the complicated machinery (and consequent liability of derangement) in all other separators, thus making it more desirable to the farmer.

Shop Prices of Zimmerman & Co's. Triesher,

Shop Prices of Zimmerman & Co's. Trresher, Cleaner and Bagger complete, 6 and 3 horses, \$175—Power for same, \$100, making \$275 for the whole complete. Tresher, Cleaner and Bagger 36 inch Cylinder, \$200; Power for same, \$135, for 8, 10 and 12 horses. This machine is complete with Band, Wrenches, &c.

163-REFERENCES—Samuel Sands, Esq., Editor of the "American Farmer;" Col. Edward Lloyd, Easton, Md.; Capt. D. Cox, Northumberland, Co., Va.; Hill Carter, Esq., Richmond; Richard Willis, Esq., Richmond; Col Charles Carroll, near Ellicott's Mills, Md.; F Nelson, Esq., Richmond; Col. B. Davenport, Jefferson Co., Va.; Dr. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Co., Va.; Capt. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Hugh Nelson, Esq., Clarke Co., Va.; Charles Mason, Hugh Nelson, Esq., Clarke Co., Va.; Charles Mason, Esq., King George Co., Va.; S. W. Thomas, Esq., Clarke Co. Va.; Dr. T. J. Marlow, Frederick city, Md.; David Boyd, Esq., Frederick city, Md.; Ezra Houck, Frederick city, Md.; Samuel Holt, Middletown Valley, Md.; John Clagett, Hagerstown, Md. (15 The above machines are manufactured in Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va. All orders addressed to us will be attended to with promptness, and all threshers sent out warranted to come up to the stand ZIMMERMAN & CO.

March 14, 1854. A3 The Culpeper Observer, and Warrenton Flag will please insert 3 months, for \$5,00. G. F. S. Z. PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

DR. E. L. WAGER having permanently located at the late residence of Jus. H. H. Gunnell, dec'd., near Shannondale Springs, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the Public hoping by diligent attention, and with eight years experience, to merit the confidence of all who may March 14, 1854.

Dr. GEO. H. COOKE OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.

He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his office one door East of it. November 1-tf

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citi-iberal patronage, during the time he has been with them. And having permanently located himself in West Bolivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal share of the patronage of that place, and the surround-Those desiring teeth extracted-artificial teeth inserted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific manner.

J. S. AULABAUGH.

FOR SALE. TTAVING no I sell it, at public auction, at March Court, in tont of the Court-House, on a credit of six months, viz: A large family CARRIAGE, with open front, which will seat six persons, including the driver. Also, a two-horse WAGON, nearly new, and with a complete set of HARNESS, but little used.

March 14, 1854—3t R. S. BLACKBURN.

CPRING CALICOES .- A lots of PRINTS just O opened and for sale by March 14, 1854. A. W. CRAMER. \$5,000 REWARD WILL be paid by Dr. Beauchampeof Paris to any one who will produce a preparation equalling his for the hair. The Grisettes of Paris who have such beautiful heads of curly flowing hair use this .-The young men who are cultivating beards, use this as it will increase the growth one half. Mr. Harris a gentleman of wealth from Pittsburg, now in Paris, paid Dr. B. \$100 for the receipt. He was quite bald, but now has a beautiful head of much darker hair than before. It will at once stop the bair from falling out, cleanses the scalp from Dandruff, will cure Nervous Headache. It is far in advance of any thing put up in this country, and less expensive. \$50,000 worth sold in Paris last year and demand increasing. Full authority and ability to manufacture for family use, will be sent any one who will forward \$1 post-paid, to Dr. J.S. BEAUCHAMPE, Springfield, Mrs-

[March 14, 1854\_3t sachusetts. I HAVE for sale two YOUNG MULES of large size and two WORK HORSES. March 7, 1854—3t | J. C. R. TAYLOR, Near Kabletown.

CANAL OPEN. THE undersigned are now prepared to resume bu-siness on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. They will buy all kinds of GRAIN, and supply Peruvian Guano, Plaster, Salt and Lumber in all its varieties. Now is the time to lay in a supply of Peruvian Guano for Fall use. A delay until the fall would probably again disappoint our farmers in procuring this valuable manure. We require the cash to be paid to us in every instance and then it will be purchased at the R. S. BLACKBURN & CO. March 7, 1854.

in Medicines every where, August 16, 1853—19 March 7, 1854. [F. P.] [Winchester papers will copy 3t.] WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to employ immediately two or three JOURNEYMEN CARPENTERS, who are good workmen and of steady and industrious habits. Wanted, also, three APPRENTICES, to learn the Carpenters' Business, to whom a desirable situa-N. MYERS. tion is open. Charlestown, March 7, 1854-3t SINCLAIR'S GARDEN SEEDS.

THE following varieties, embracing the choicest kinds, have been just received from Sinclair's Nursery, in Baltimore. They are without exceptions the best for this place: Grand Imperial Peas:

Matchless Fall Marrow do; Early Warwick do; Red Marrow Beans; Mohawk do; Rachel six-week do; Kidney do;

L. M. SMITH. Charlestown, March 14, 1854. WELLS PATENT CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED SOWER.

The subscriber having purchased the right for this most valuable invention, in Jefferson county, offers Machines, made in the most substantial manner, at prices that cannot fail to please. Farmers are invited to call and examine them at my slop in Charlestown. This Sower is highly recommended by all who have given it a trial. J. P. GORMAN. March 14, 1854-3t [F. P.]

TO THE PUBLIC. THE subscribers having obtained Letters Patent for their IMPROVED COMPOST ATTACHMENT OR FERTILIZER, are pleased to inform the Agriculturist and others that they are duly prepared to attach their highly celebrated patented Compost to every Drill desired, and to dispose of Territory, County rights, or individual privileges upon most reasonable

In presenting to the public our late Patent we trust it will not be confounded with the numerous inutations, puffed up throughout the country, and for which impuffed up throughout the country, and for which the itations a reputation has been sought solely upon the merits, originality and marked utility of our Compound-Acting Double Oblique Tooth Beater Shaft—payfed action, cheapness and which for simplicity, perfect action, cheapness and durability, is unrivalled. And we must repeat our caution to all infringers of our rights. Address-post-paid, HENSON & ROHR,

Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia. March 14, 1854-3t [Loudoun Democrat and Winchester Republican MILL FOR SALE.
THE CHARLESTOWN MILL is offered for Sale

privately. JOHN J. LOCK.
March 7, 1854. A LLEN'S CELEBRATED
GARDEN SEEDS.

The undersigned has for sale a large stock of those superior Seeds raised by Thos. Allen of Winchester. In the stock will be found the following Seeds:
Cabbage Seed—Drumhead, Early York, Flat Dutch, Bullock heart, Savoy. Nutmeg Melon Seed; Imperial head Lettuce; Summer Squash; Large Apple Tomato; Salsify; Turnip; Heet; Extra Early, Marrewfat and Early Frame Peas; Long white Parsnip; Early Scaplet Radish; white Spanish; Bush Squash; Marrow Soup Beans; White Solid Celery.
March 7.

NOTFICE TO BRICK MAKERS

WE wish to employ first-rate Workmen to make and lay 100,000 BRICKS for us, and want the work done as early in the Spring as it can be done. Clay, wood, &c., very convenient. PROPRIETORS OF JORDAN'S SPRINGS. March 7, 1854. LIME FOR SALE.

100 Bushels fresh burnt Lime for sale by
March 7. JOHN D. LINE.

NOTICE TO BRICK MAKERS.

Comprising the following varieties;
Prarie Flower Cologne; Bougnet De Caroline;
Farina Cologne; De Arabie;
Hauel's do.
Extract Sweet Cl. Extract Sweet Briar;
Mignonette;
Geranium; Extract Sweet Clover;

"Violette;
"Patchouly;
"Musk;
"Verbena, Jasmine;
New Mown Hay; For sale by L. M. SMITH. March 7, 1854. SEIDLITZ POWDERS, &c.—A fresh supply of Seidlitz and Soda Powders; also, Seltzer Aperient, Husband's Magnesia, for sale wholesale and retail by L. M. SMITH. Charlestown, March 7, \$54:

8,700 LBS. HUGHES' IRON, in addition to the state of the MACCARONI.-Fresh Maccaroni just received H. L. ERY & SON. PLASTER AND SALT.—100 tons PLASTER, 50 sacks SALT, for sale at the Charlestown depot. January 31. E. M. AISQUITH. HEESE .- A Prime lot of Cheese just received H. L. EBY & SON.

ATTOMION GATEG LAWSON BOTTS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, A D to Bas a Book a situation COMMISSIONER IN CHANCERY AND GENERAL AGENT.

OFFICE in his House, formerly the property of the late Mrs. Fanny M. Willis, one door north of the office of Wm. C. Worthington, Esq. Entrance from same street. [March 7, 1854—4in]

FASHIONABLE HATS.

A case of new-style HATS, just received by
March 7, 1854.

A. W. CRAMER.

A. F. BRENGLE,
Flour and Commission Merchant,
NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT,

NEW STORE AT KABLETOWN.

change for goods, and the highest price allowed, Nov. 1, 1853—if [F. P.] A. WILSON.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

that all who give me a call will not go away dissatisfied.

GEORGE PENSE.

Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

WESTERN VIRGINIA LAND AGENCY.

construction. This land, considered in reference to

HENRY L. BROOKE, Richmond city,

S. S. THOMPSON, Lewisburg, Greenbrier co., P. P. DANDRIDGE, Lee-Town, Jefferson co.,

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

M. MONTGOMERY.

(Late Salesman for Yeakle, Cobb & Co.)

No. 211 Baltimore street,

Ribbons for Bonnets, Caps, Sashes, &c.

Bonnet Silks, Satins, Velvets, Crapes, Lisses, Tarletons, Foundations,

more, February 14, 1854-3m

FOR SALE.

eatest of all medicines, Carter's Spanish Mixture

restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or bro

A large number of certificates of remarkable cures

DEBILITY

arising from any cause, such as weakness from sick

or Miscarriage, this Cordial cannot be excelled in its salutary effects; or in less of Muscular Energy, Irri-tability, Physical Prostration, Seminal Weakness,

Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Sluggishness Decay of the Procreative Functions, Nervonness, &c

where a route Medicine is required, it will be found

equal, if not superior to any Compound ever used.
TO FEMALES.

which Females are subject. It assists nature to brace the whole system, check excesses, and create renew-

ed health and happiness. Less suffering, disease and unhappiness among laddes would exist, were they generally to adopt the use of this Cordial. Ladies who

are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored by the use of a bottle or

That solitary practice, so fatal to the existence of

nan, and it is the young who are most apt to become

ts victims; from an ignorance of the danger to which

Weakness of the System, and Premature Decay .-

tency. Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Weakness and Shrivelling of the Genital Organs, Nervous Af-

fection, or any other consequences of unrestrained indulgence of the sensual passions, occasioning the

indulgence of the sensual passions, occasioning the necessity of renouncing the felicitics of MARRIAGE, lessening both mental and bodily capacity, Hold! Henry's Invigorating Cordial, a medicine that is purely Vegetable, will aid nature to restore these important functions to a healthy state, and will prove of

CORDIAL,

is put up in Soz Pannel Bottles, and is easily recognized by the Manufacturer's signature on the lable of each Bottle, (to counterfeit which is fogery.)

MS-Sold for \$2 per Bottle; Six for \$8; \$16 per

Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, Below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS-ED.

For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants throughout the country.

PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale

FOR SALE.
T HAVE for sale, 200 tons of PLASTER, ground, or
F. STONE.

A LIKELY YOUNG NEGRO WOMAN, about 20 years of age, with TWO CHILDREN, for sale on reasonable terms. Enquire of March 7, 1854.—tf THE PRINTER.

March 7, 1854.—u

POSS' FLOUR.—Ross' Family and Extra Flour

and other choice brands, just received and for

R. H. BROWN.

agents for Virginia. January 31, 1854—1y

reasonable terms. Kabletown, Feb. 14, 1854.—tf

two, to bloom and to vigor.
YOUNG MEN.

they subject theinselves, causes NERVOUS DEBILITY,

gor and strength.

cines ever heard of.

the bottle!

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, at public auction, at the residence of the subscriber, (one mile south of Middleway,) on THURSDAY, the 30th instant, the following PROPERTY, namely:

5 Work Horses, 2 of them good barshear leaders;
1 two year old Colt;
Several Cows and Young Cattle;
40 Stock Horse;
I six-horse Wagon, first rate;
1 one-horse Wagon, yery good;
4 sets Wagon Gears;
4 sets Plough Gears;
Wagon is a set of the residence of

4 sets Plongh Gears; Wood Ladders, 2 Harrows; 2 Barshear Ploughs; Single and double Shovel Ploughs; Wheat Fan, Grain Cradles;

A LSO keeps on hand at all times, fresh burnt LIME, which can be furnished at any of the D pots of the Baltimore and Ohio or Winchester and Potomac Rail-roads at the shortest notice; by addressing as above:

[December 6, 1853—19] Mowing Scythes; Hay, Corn, and Potatoes; 2000 lbs. Bacoa and Lard; 1 good Buggy, double and single Harness. —ALSO—

NEW STORE AT KABLETOWN.

HAVING purchased the stock of Goods belonging to Franklin Osburne at Kholetown, the undersigned respectfully announces that he is now opening and receiving a general stock of DRY GOODS, GROCENIES, HARDWARE, &c., which he offers at the very lowest figure for cash, or on a limited credit to panctual dealers. It is his purpose to replenish his stock at least four times a year, which will enable him to furnish the public at all seasons with Goods fresh from the market. The stock of Goods purchased from Osburne he intends selling at reduced prices. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, promising to give entire satisfaction in return.

Country produce of all kinds will be taken in exchange for goods, and the highest price allowed, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE. Together with many articles not necessary to enu-Terms-Nine months credit will be given on all sums of \$5 and upwards, the purchaser giving bond and security—under that sum the cash will be required. No property to be removed until the terms are complied with.

March 21, 1854—ts

EXECUTOR'S SALE. WILL be sold, at public auction, on SATURDAY, the 1st of April next, at the late residence of Adam Whip, deceased, Harpers-Ferry, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

A lot of Sadlers' Benches and Tools;
A variety of new Saddles;
New Harness, Collars, Bridles;
And a variety of other articles too numerous to men-THE subscriber having permanently located himself at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's
Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in
his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the
county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron
of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other
Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured
that all who give we are all will not greater the And a variety of other articles are the same of \$5, under that sum the cash will be given on all sums of \$5, under that sum the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

All persons indebted to said Whip by book account or by note will please come forward and settle the same immediately, as the estate is in a condition to require funds. Persons having claims against said estate will please present them for settlement.

G. W. SAPPINGTON, THE Subscribers are Agents for the sale of large quantities of land in that part of Western Virginia, through which the Central Railroad is in process of

G. W. SAPPINGTON, Executor of Adam Whip, deceased. March 21, 1854—ts VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

AT PRIVATE SALE.

I offer at private sale my "HOWAFD FARM" in construction. This land, considered in reference to soil, climate, mineral resources, accessibility, and the character of the population now "settling" in that part of the State, will generally commend itself on examination, as very desirable for investment and residence, at the low prices and easy terms at which it is offered for sale. Full and particular information will be furnished to persons desiring to purchase, by dither the Southern part of Jefferson county, Virginia, near McPherson's Mill, and adjoining the lands of Jaque-lin Smith, Geo. R. Riddle and others, containing 180 ACRES, about 50 of which are in wood. This Farm is the best quality of Limestone and is in a fine state

of cultivation.

The improvements consist of a substantial two-story BRICK DWFLLING HOUSE with usual out-buildings; convenient to the improvements are two never-failing wells of delightful water. There is also an Orchard of choice fruit.

Possession will be given the 1st of August, 1854.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Kabletown, Lefterson county. Viscibia. Jefferson county, Virginia. FANCY SILK MILLINERY GOODS,

March 21, 1854. JAMES McCURDY. HAS on hand and will be receiving constantly through the season, NEW GOODS—rich fashionable fancy silk MILLINERY GOODS. My stock CEDAR LAWN FOR SALE. WILL be sold at private sale, the Farmi known by the name of Cedar Lawn, formerly the residence of John T. A. Washington, dec'd., lying in Jefferson county, Va., about three miles S. W. of Charlestown, on the road leading from Berryville to Leetown, and about one mile South of the Harpers-Ferry and Smithfield turnpike, adjoining the farms of John R. Flagg, George Isler; Mrs. H. L. Alexander, Thos. B. Washington, Dr. Scollay and others, containing about 245 of RICH RIBBONS, comprises every variety of the latest and most beautiful designs.

I offer my Goods for net cash, at lower prices than ington, Dr. Scollay and others, containing about 245 ACRES, about 35 of which are in fine timber. The any credit House can afford.
All persons will find it greatly to their interest to improvements consist of a handsome three story Baiex Dwelling, forty feet square, with a two story Wing 40 feet by 20 feet attached a Barn, Corn-house, Milkreserve a portion of their money, and make selections from my great variety of rich cheap goods. 40 feet by 20 feet attached a Barn, Corn-house, Milk-house, and Negro Cabins. Also, a large orchard of choice Apples, and a young Peach Crchard recently planted. The Lawn and premises generally are highly improved by Shrubbery and a large variety of handsome Ornamental and Fruit Trees. There is a Cistern convenient, and a never failing well of pure, Limestone Water about 100 yards distant. The farm in shape is nearly square. The land is in a fine state of cultivation, and the soil of superior quality. It has every convenience to market, being in the immediate vicinity of the Winchester and Harpers-Ferry Railroad, and within 7 or 8 miles of the Balto, and Ohio Rail-road. The place is well known, and altogether is one of the most desirable tracts of its size in the Valley. Persons who contemplate purchasing, can be in-Blonds, Illusions, and Embroidered Lace for Caps, French and American Flowers, French Lace, English, American and Italian Straw Bonnets, and Trimmings.

Together with every article in the Millinery line. A very fine PIANO—maker chief ering, Boston, and for renta good HOUSE. Enquire of the Editor. ley. Persons who contemplate purchasing, can be in-formed as to the terms of sale by consulting me in formed as to the terms of sale by consulting me in person, or by letter addressed to me at Charlestown,

FACTS CANNOT BE DOUBTED.

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

MORE than 500 persons in the City of Richmond
Va., alone testify to the remarkable cures per
formed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE. Jeffeorsn county, Va. GEORGE WASHINGTON, The great Spring Medicine and Purifier of the blood is now used by hundreds of grateful patients, who tes-tify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the For himself and in behalf of the other devises. Dec'r 13, 1853-tf JEFFERSON LAND FOR SALE. I WISH to sell two small Farms of good Limestone
Land—one containing 150 Acres, with good
Buildings, Orchard, &c., adjoining the Lands
of John Lock, Fisher A. Lewis and the heirs of Daniels
McPherson, dec'd—about 40 Acres in Timber.
Theotheron the Shenandoah river, containing 123 Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sorts, Affec-tions of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Paines and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy. For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been Acres of first-rate Land, with 30 Acres in Timber, a DWELLING HOUSE on the same, and adjoining the lands of George L. Harris and Dr. John H. Lewis heirs. For terms, &c., which will be made easy, apply to the undersigned at Myerstown, or by letter (post found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the Skin clearand healthy, and Jan. 25, 1853. JOSEPH MYERS.

ken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine v. CORN, CORN, CORN! WANTED IMMEDIATELY 10,000 Bushels of CORN, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash. Also, any quantity of WHEAT.

R. S. BLACKBURN & CO.

September 13, 1853.

[F. P.] For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of Carter's Spanish Mixture, will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medi DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. I'll business heretofore existing between T. C. Sigaroose and F. J. Harley, under the firm of

performed on persons residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia, by the use of Carter's Spanish Mix-SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY, was dissolved on the 1st January, 1854.
T. C. SIGAFOOSE baving bought the entire inteture, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, phyrest of F. J. Harley in bond, note, account, &c., is alone authorized to settle the business and use the sicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER. name of the firm in liquidation. T. C. SIGAFGOSE, F. J. HARLEY. Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates around 63-T. C. SIGAFCOSE will continue the business his own name and on his own account. None genuine unless signed BENNETT & BEERS,

DRUGGISTS.

Principal Depots at M. WARD, Close & Co., No. 83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons, and Jenkins & Hartshorne, Philadelphia. Bennett & Beers, No. 125 Main street, Richmond, Va. NEW BOOKS, NEW BOOKS.

THE GAZETTEER OF THE UNITED STATES,
edited by T. Baldwin and J. Thomas, M. D.—
This work embraces the population, agricultural productions; commerce, &c., of the different States in the Union. Also, the different towns and post offices, and is justly considered one of the most valuable books ever published in this country.
Hagerstown Almanacs.
Thirty Years with the Indians, by Schoolcraft.
Sparks' Abridged Life of Washington.
For sale by L. M. SMITH,
Charlestown, Jan. 24, 1854. NEW BOOKS, NEW BOOKS. And for sale by Dr. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, and by Dealers HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL. Purely Vegetable in its Composition.

THIS invaluable Cordial is extracted from Herbs and Roots, which have been found after years of ex-

For sale by . Charlestown, Jan. 24, 1854. perience, by the most skilful Physcians, to be pos-sessed of qualities most beneficial in the diseases for which it is recommended, and hence whilst it is pre-A CARD.

In consequence of the advance in Servants' hire, breadstuffs and other produce, it becomes actually necessary that we the undersigned should increase sented to the public, as an efficacious remedy, it also is known to be of that character on which reliance may he charges heretofore made at our Hotels in Charlese placed as to its safety. In cases of Impotency, Hoemorrhages, Disordered Sterility, Monstruction, or Suppression of the Menses, Fluor Albusor Whites,

next, our terms for bearding without lodging will be increased from \$10 to \$12 per month. Bearders with rooms, lodging, &c., will be charged \$15 per month, instead of \$12.50 as heretofore. ness, where the patient has been confined to bed for some time, for Females after Confinement, Abortion G. W. SAPPINGTON, ISAAC N. CARTER. December 27, 1853. NOTICE TO FARMERS. THE subscriber is now largely engaged in manufacturing Leavitt's Patent Corn and Cob Grinder,

Therefore, from and after the 1st day of January

Corn Sheller, and Corn Meal Grinder, at Messrs. Snapp & Coonts's Foundry, Winchester, Va., where snapp & cooms is roundry, with matter, at, where all letters (post paid) will receive inamediate attention, addressed to the undersigued, who will also furnish Bills, giving full descriptions of the Mill. As this Mill was fully exhibited at the Fair of the Valley Agricultural Society, and the first premium awarded Henry's Invigorating Cordial, is one of the most invaluable Medicines in the many Complaints to Agricultural Society, and to it, further recommendation is unnecessary.

R. McLAGAN. THE undersigned finding that their business at their Warchouse, at Harpers-Ferry, calls for their whole time and attention, they will rent their STONE WAREHOUSE, at the "Old Furnace," for

the unexpired term of their lease, which is nearly five years. This point is too well known, as a most favorable one for the "Boating Business," to need any particular description. There is a Limestone Quarry close by, of the best quality, which adds to the value of the position. Apply to

R. S. ELACKBURN & CO. Many of you may now be suffering, misled as to the cause or source of disease. To those, then, who by excess have brought on themselves Premature Impo-February 21, 1854--tf. [F. P.] WAGON-MAKER'S SHOP FOR RENT. THE undersigned has, in connexion with his Blackshith Shep, a Wagon-Maker's Shep for Rent, large and commodious, which he will renton reasonable terms. He has also a complete sett of Tools which he will either rent or sell, and a good lot of seasoned timber which he will sell. This stand is a most desirable one, and to a good workman and a sober and industrious Mechanic no better opening is presented in the county.

Feb. 21, 1854—tf. THOMAS W. DAVIS. tant mactions to a healthy state, and will prove of service to you. It posesses rare virtue, is a general remover of disease, and strengthener of the system.

AS A TONIC MEDICINE, it is unsurpassed. We do not place this Cordial on a footing with quack medicines, and, as is customary, append a long list of Recommendations, Certificates, &c., beginning with "Hear what the Preacher says," and such like; it is not necessary, for "Henry's Invigorating Cordial" only needs a trial to prove WOOLEN FACTORY FOR RENT.

THE WOOLEN FACTORY, on the Opequen
Creek, near Smithfield, known as Whitehill's
Factory, is for RENT the ensuing year. Possession
given at once. There is also a comfortable LWELLING HOUSE attached. Terms liberal. Apply to WALTER SHIRLEY. ry's Invigorating Cordial," only needs a trial to prove that it will accomplish all we say.

THE GENUINE "HENRY'S INVIGORATING February 21, 1854-tf

Cigars, Cigars.—The subscriber received again of those much admired Havana Cigars, at 4 cents, or 37½ cents a dozen. Also, Jenny Linds at 31½ cents a dozen, and a very pleasant half-Spanish-Cigar at 12½ cents a dozen. By the bex cheaper yet.

January 31, 1854

ISAAC ROSE. OFFEE.—A superior article of Java and Ric Coffee, which is equal in price and superior in quality to any that is offered in town, for sale at the Market-House. [Feb. 7.] T. RAWLINS, ON HAND—A large and general stock of GRO-CERIES. For sale very cheap by February 21. JOHN D. LINE. SYRUP AND MOLASSES.—A large supply for sale by
March 7.

H. L. PBY & SON.

NEW-CROP N. O. MOLASSES & SU. GAR, just received by Jan. 17, 1854.

H. I. EPY & SON. TAR. 5 bbls. Tar, for sole at the Charlestown Depot. E. M. Alscellth. January 24, 1854.

PORTFOLIO.—A large and superior assortment
of Papier-Mache, Turkey Morocco and plain
Portfolios, which will be sold on very reasonable
terms by
Charlestown, March 7, 1954. SUGAR.—10 hhd. Brown Sugar, also Loaf, Crushed, Clarified and Granulated for sale by March 7.

H. L. FBY & SON. JUST RECEIVED

A very large stock of DOMESTICS, viz:

Heavy Twill Osne burg;

4-4 plain do.;

7-8 do.;

READY-MADE CLOTHING, AT REDUC-RED PRICES.—ISAAC ROSE is now selling, as the season advances, all kinds of FASHIONABLE CLOTHING, such as Overcoats, Business and Dress Coats, Pants, Vests, Stocks, Shirts and Denwers, at great reductions for cash. Those liking to get great bargains will please to call. ISAAC ROSE.— Charlestown, Jan. 10, 1853. 4.4 Bros., Penitentiary Plaids, all for sale very low, by February 21. JOIN D. LINE TRISH POTATOES, for sale by
H. L. EBY & SON.

GLASS, 8 by 10 and 18 by 12, for sale by
H. L. EBY & SON.

Track the got week tolly a real

THE undersigned again gives notice to his old friends and customers, that he will hereafter conduct the Boot and Shoe-making business in all its branches, at the Shop recently occupied by John Avis
Jr. He solicits the patronage of his old friends, the
late customers of the shop, and the public generally
satisfied that he can please all who may favor him wit JOHN AVIS, Sr. A CARD.

THE undersigned having ocen elected a Constable in District No. 3, offers his services to the public He will collect and pay over with promptness alclaims placed in his hands. Collections without warrants will be made with every possible dispatch, and the interests of those employing him faithfully regarded. He therefore solicits public patronage.

JOHN REED. Charlestown, May 21, 1853. THE undersigned, merchants of Charlestown, here-tofore trading under the nome of LOCK, CRA-MER & LINE, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved partnership. The Books and Accounts of said firm can be found at the old store-house, now in the occupancy of J. D. Line, where one of the firm will at all times be in attendance, and as it is important that the old business should be speedily settled, our friends will much oblige us if they come forward promptly and settle their accounts.

J. J. LOCK,

HENRY C. PARKER.

WM. A. SUDDITH.

TAKE NOTICE.

J. D. LINE. Charlestown, January 2, 1854. A CARD. To the Customers of the Old Firm, my
Friends and the Public.

INTEND to continue the MERCANTILE BUSINESS at the Old Stand of LOCK, CRAMER & LINE, opposite the Bank, where, by prompt attention to business, I hope to merit and receive a liberal share of your patronage. Respectfully,

JOHN D. LINE.

Charlestown, January 10, 1854.

NEW STORE.
T HAVE opened a NEW STORE, (for the present in the room recently occupied by John Avis, Esq., opposite Messrs. Harris & Ridenour's,) where I shall be pleased to see my friends and the public generally.

Jan. 10, 1854.

A. W. CRAMER.

NEW GOODS. HAVE just received a general assortment of DO-MENTIC GOODS, consisting in part of 44 Os-naburgs; 7-8 do.; heavy twilled do.; Plaid Cottons; &c., &c.; which shall be sold as low as can be had in this market.

A. W. CRAMER.

January 10. 1854.

HARDWARE. THE subscriber has now opened the largest stock of Hardware that was ever offered in Charlestown, selected by himself in Baltimore, consisting in part of Locks of every description, Hinges of all sizes and patterns, Screws of all sizes, Saws, Hatchets, Axes, Plastering and Bricklayer's Trowels, Table-knives with and without Forks, silver-plated Forks, plated Table and Tea-spoons, Brass Head and Polished Steel Shov-els and Tongs, Brass top Andirons, a few Eight Day Clocks, metal cases laid in with Pearl, a handsome article: White Ivory handle Table-knives with and w out Forks; a first rate lot of Double Barrel English out Forks; a first rate lot of Double Barrel English
Twist Guns, a first rate article, warranted; Powderflasks and Horns, Dupont's Powder, Gun-wads; Pen
and Pocket-knives; Plated Coffin handles and Screws;
a large lot of Bench-planes, cheap; fifth Log, Breast
Stretcher Trace and Halter Chains; Hand and Sledge
Hammers; Stocks and Dies; Plated and common Bridle-bits and Stirrups; Plated and Steel Spurs; a fine
lot of Plough, Bar, and Horse-shoe Iron, together with
a general assortment of Groceries, Queensware, Sea general assortment of Groceries, Queensware, Segars and Tobacco, all of which I will sell cheap for or on short credit.
THOMAS RAWLINS.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned expired on the 1st of January, 1854.

JERE, HARRIS, SAML. RIDENOUR. OLD ACCOUNTS are ready for settlement and we would be pleased to close them at as early a day as possible. Either of us will attend to their settlement. We would like those interested to give this their attention.

JERE, HARRIS. Jan. 17, 1854. SAML. RIDENOUR.

SECOND NOTICE.

A LL persons knowing themselves indebted to me
A are requested to call on or before the 1st day of
February next and pay or make such arrangements
as will be satisfactory, or their claims will be disposed
of in such a manner as will be best calculated to suit
my business.

PHILIP COONS.
Harpers-Ferry, Jan. 10, 1854—tf [F.F.] CHAINS.-I shall manufacture and keep conof Chains used by the Farmers. Breast and Trace
Chains, single and double link, straight or twisted,
made of the best iron, and in the best style of workmanship.

Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853. KNIVES.—I have received another lot of Ivory, handle Knives. Also, Plated Forks; table, desert and Teaspoons, for sale low, by January 24. T. RAWLINS.— CLOTHING, CLOTHING.—In order to make room for \$10,000 worth of Spring Goods, the subscriber is now running off Coats, Overcoats, Pants and Vests at wonderful low prices.

January 31, 1854:

JUST rece rantable south have proved for sale by

Ca Cravellers. BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD. Two Daily Lines between Baltimore and
Wheeling.
FROM BALTIMORE FOR WHEELING, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, INDIANOPOLIS,
CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, TOLEDO, SAINT

ON and after MONDAY, January 2'd, two daily TRAINS, (except on Sundays,) will be run between Baltimore and Wheeling.

Leave Baltimore for Frederick, Harpers-Ferry, Cumberland, and all Way Places, at 8 A. M., arriving in Wheeling at 4.30 A. M. next day. EXPRESS TRAIN For Wheeling stopping at Frederick, Harpers-Ferry, Martinsburg and Cumberland only, leaves Camden Station, daily, at 7 p. m.—Through to Wheeling in eighteen hours.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (except For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (except Sundays,) at 4 P. M.

For Ellicott's Mills and points East, daily, (except Sunday,) at 6.30 A. M. and 4.40 P. M.

From Wheeling at 9.15 A. M. and 8.30 P. M., daily, (except Sundays,) the 8.30 P. M. Train not starting from Wheeling on Saturday evenings.)

From Cumberland at 8.30 A. M. and 9 P. M.

From Harpers-Ferry at 1.10 A. M. and 1.25 P. M.

From Frederick daily, (except Sundays,) at 8.30

A. M. and 2.15 P. M.

LIGHTNING RODS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

From Flederick daily, (except Sundays,) at From Ellicott's Mills daily, (except Sundays,) at 4.15, 8 and 11.15 A. M.; and 5 and 6.15 P. M.

Through tickets are issued between Baltimore and constant of the c

Hagerstown 3 50
Emmitteburg 3 50
Charleston, S. G. 17 50 Wheeling at ..... 

Chicago ..... Leave Baltimore at 4.15 and 9 A.M., 3.30 and 7 P.M. On Sundays, at 4 15 A. M. and 6.10 P. M. Leave Washington for Baltimore at 6 and 8 A. M. 3.30 and 5 P. M. On Sundays, at 6 A. M. and 5 F. M.
The first and fourth Trains from Baltimore, and the second and fourth train from Washington will be express mail trains, stopping only at Washington
Juncture and Annapolis Junction. By order.

Jan. 24. J. T. ENGLAND, Agent.

OFFICE OF WINCHESTER & P. R. R. Co., ) January 19, 1854. \\
FROM and after this date the Passenger Train will leave the Ticket Office of the Company at 9\frac{1}{2} o'clock, A. M., instead of 9 o'clock, as heretofore. J. GEO. HEIST, Agent. GILBERT'S HOTEL,

(LATELY JOHN COE'S,) At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va. THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot formerly kept by Mr. John Coe, dec'd. The House has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and so-A large and commodious Stable is attached to the premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain and hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always

be furnished with all the varieties which the seaso and market will afford, and the Bar at all times supplied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is determined to spare no pains in making his guests (15-Boarders taken by the week, month or year. BARNET GILBERT.

BARNET GILBERT.

13 The undersigned takes pleasure in recommending Mr. Gilbert to the patrons of the House whilst under the management of my Father, and respectfully solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

June 28, 1853.

JAMES W. COE. SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and busi-

ness part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment, are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and Liquors. Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the

Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.
Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for the accommodation of visitors. GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,
July 9, 1850. Proprietor.

RAWLINS' HOTEL,
Corner of Queen and Burk streets,
MARTINSBURG, VA.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform
the community and travelling public that he has
taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley

House." The House has recently undergone a thorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respec renovation; it is now beheved to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious STABLE is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any additional expense. JOS. C. RAWLINS, March 2, 1852-1y Proprietor

BERRYVILLE HOTEL. THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommolate Boarders; either by the day, week, monthor year. HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford; ais Bar with the choicest liquors, and his Stable with As he intends to make this his permanent residence As he intends to make this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endcavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortable and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. His charges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify. He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share of their custom.

Berryville, April 5, 1853. WM. N. THOMPSON.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED. A N Agent wanted in every town and county in the United States to sell the most popular and saleable books ever published, including several new works with finely colored plates; also the works of T. S. Arthur, including "Arthur's Cottage Library." 10,000 copies of these popular series of books have been sold in the last three monlits. The largest commission paid to enterprising and industrious men, who can now have an opportunity for doing a pleasant and profitable business seldom offered.

Each Agent has exclusive control of the sale of our publications for the town or county he may agree to canvass. For particulars apply personally, or addres (post paid,)

J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher,

No. 48 North 4th street, Philadelphia.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES! HAVE an extensive assortment of PARLOR, OF FICE, HALL and COOK STOVES, FURNACES COAL GRATES, &c., which will be sold, delivered and set up on the most accommodating terms.

All persons in want of any Apparatus for heating Houses, or for Cooking, are respectfully solicited t call at the Charlestown Tin-ware and Stove House before purchasing elsewhere, as great inducements will there be offered, both in variety of style, and extremely low prices
Nov. 1, 1853
THOMAS D. PARKER.

COAL, COAL.--FOR SALE 54. E. M. AISQUITH. January 10, 1854. SUPERIOR BLACK TEA, by A. W. CRAMER. More Clothing and More Bargains.

TSAAC ROSE has received within the last ten days, another great assortment of Clothing of every description. Also, Boys' Coats, Pants and Vests. He has at present the largest stock of Clothing in the county, and sells it from 10 to 25 per cent. cheaper than any body else. All those who want Clothing made well and of good materials, will please call at the cheap store, where they will find goods and prices to suit them.

November 29, 1853.

November 29, 1853.

INSEED OIL, WHITING, HIBERNIAN GREEN, &c.—In store, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Chrome, green and yellow; White Lead, ground and dry; Venitian Red, Whiting; Copal and Japan Varnish; also, Hibernian Green, a newarticle of Green Paint, superior to Ground Verdigris, and much cheaper. Call and examine.

L. M. SMITH October 25, 1853 FRESH SUPPLY.--I am now opening a fresh supply of Gaoceries, &c., to which I invite the attention of the public.

Dec. 20.

R. H. BROWN. O. SUGAR.—New-crop New Orleans Sugar,

Jan. 10, 1854. KEYES & KEARSLEY. TO GENTLEMEN FOND of the WEED, I I would say that I have the very best CHEW-ING TOBACCO in the county. If you doubt it, just call and try for yourselves.

February 21.

JOHN D. LINE. ON HAND—A prime stock of BRANDIES,
WINES, WHISKEYS, &c.
JOHN D. LINE.

FOR SALE.—50 busilels prime CLOVERSEED.
February 21.
JOHN D. LINE. SALT.—30 sacks G. A. and FINE SALT.
JERE, HAR AULTS ENGLISH GARDEN SPEDS. JUST received a fresh supply of differents king ENGLISH GARDEN SEEDS, from the most antable source, in the neighborhood of London, w

T. RAWLINS.

ved so highly satisfactory to on

In Heim.

J. NICODEMUS & CO., I THOMAS.

HEFM, NICODEMUS & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and

Domestic Liquors, of every description.

No. 333 Baltimore street, between Paca and Eutaw sts.

Baltimore, April 12, 1853—if HENRY A. WEBE.

H. A. WEBB & CO.

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c., &c.

No. 14 North Howard Street, Nearly opposite
the Howard House, formerly the Wheatfield Inn,
Next Door to Davis & Miller's Drug Store,
July 12, 1852—1y.

Bartingre.

July 12, 1853—1y. To the Miller's in the Valley.

MARTIN & HOBSON,

FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Eutaw and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, Md.,

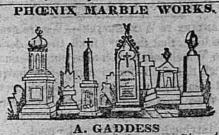
THANKFUL to their friends and the Millers in

Virginia who have so liberally sustained their.

House, offer increased facilities for the prompt and most satisfactory performance of all business committed to their care. ted to their care. Baltimore, July 12, 1853-1y.

MATTHEWS, F. HYDE & SMYTH, nporters and Dealers in Foreign & Domestic HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS,
SADLERY, &c.
Carner of Baltimeme and Liberty streets, Baltimore.
Baltimore, June 21, 1853—19

DICKSON & KING, Lumber Merchants, water street, George-KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of Building Materials. October 12, 1853-1y



Corner Sharp and German Streets, September 20, 1853—19 BALTIMORE, MD. NEW CHINA STORE. JOSEPH S. HASTINGS, Jr., Importer and Wholesale & Retail Dealer

in China, Glass and Queensware,
202 Baltimore street, north side, between St. Paul and
Charles streets, Baltimore,
DESIRES to inform the public that he has just laid
in an entirely new and elegant assortment of
every description of PLAIN AND FANCY WARE,

White, Gold-Band and Painted French China Dinner,
Dessert, Tea and Breakfast Sets; Rich Vases of beau-Dessert, Tea and Breakfast Sets; Rich Vases of beautiful shapes and styles; Fancy Mugs and Cups, with or without mottoes; Castors, with Cut and Moulded Bottles; Cut and Pressed Tumblers, Goblets, Wines, Champagnes, &c., of new and beautiful styles; Jellics, Bowls and Dishes to match. An extensive and well selected stock of Granite and Common Ware. 175 Country Merchants, Hotel Keepers, Steamboat and Ship Agents, Private Families, and all others who may want articles in this line, are invited to call and examine the stock and prices. Baltimore, April 12, 1853 .- 1y

500 AGENTS WANTED.
\$1000 A YEAR.

WANTEDDIN EVERY COUNTY OF THE UNITED STATES, active and enterprising men to engge in the sale of some of the ebest ooks pub-lshed in the country. To men of good address, pos-sessing a small capital of from \$25 to \$100, such in-ducements will be offered as to enable them to make

ducements will be offered as to enable them to make from \$3 to \$10 a day profit.

(37 The Books published by us are all useful in heir chracter, extremely popular and command largesales wherever they are offered.

For futher particulars, address, (postage paid,)

LEARY & GETZ,

Subscription Book publishers,

No. 138 North Second Street, Phladelphia.

Augus 30, 1853. To the Citizens of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke counties. I AGAIN appear before you as a PUMP-MAKER and as I hope you have not forgotten me in that capacity, you will, one and all, call on me should you need any thing in that way. Please call on me at Chesletter Charlestown, or my son, Tabmas J. Brace, living near Mr. George B. Beall's, on the Charlestown and Shepherdstown road, as I have employed him to do the work. I pledge myself that all orders will be promp March 1, 1853

ROASTING COFFEE BY STEAM. - The subscribers having purchased the right to dispose of Francis & Hart's Patent Coffee Roasters in Jefferson, Berkeley and Clarke counties, are now prepared to furnish one of the greatest comforts and economists that can be brought into a family. Roasting Coffee by steam with this Roaster, preserves the entire strength
—making it at least one-third stronger than when making it at least one-third stronger than when roasted in the ordinary way. It prevents all escape of the aroma, adding greatly to its flavor, and requires only fifteen or twenty minutes in roasting it fit for use. It is very simple and economical, and the price brings it within the reach of every famity. Coffee cannot be roasted with as much regularity in the ordinary way. May 31, 1853. KEYES & KEARSLEY. May 31, 1853. NEW PICKLING AND PRESERVING
HOUSE.

The subscribers beg leave to inform the public that
they are now prepared to fill orders for anything
in their line, such as Pickles, Preserves, Catsup, Sau-

ces—Fruits and Vegetables preserves, their natural state. Brandy Fruits; Pic Fruits preserved; fresh cooked, spiced and pickeled Oysters; fresh Meats, Fish Soups, &c., all of which are of superior quality. Particular attention is given to supplying of raw Oysters; having arrangements with the different Express and Railroad lines, we are enabled to deliver them in good condition to any section of the country. A portion of public patronage is solicited.

MANN & DUKE,

Nos. 127 and 129, McEldry's Wharf, 25, 1353—tf Baltimore, Md. October 25, 1353-tf HATS! HATS! HATS!

of unsurpassed beauty of style and finish,
and of quality unequalled, at prices as low as any other establishment, can be obtained at J. L. McPHAIL & BRO.'S, Manufacturers 132 Baltimore st., next to Clipper office. Baltimore, September 20, 1853.

GENERAL AGENCY, Washington, D. C.

THE subscriber offers his services to the public in the prosecution of Claims before Congress, or any of the Departments of the Government. Some years experience as disbursing agent of the Indian Department, with a general knowledge of the mode of transacting business in the various offices of the Government, enables him to promise satisfaction to all who may entrust business of this character to his care. He will also give special attention to the collection of claims against parties residing in the District of Columbia or its vicinity, negotiating loans as well as the purchase or sale of Stocks, Real Estate, Land-Warrants, &c., &c., or furnish information to correspendents residing at a distance in regard to any business which may interest them at the seat of Govern-

His Office is over the Banking House of Selden, Mithers & Co. July 26, 1853. JAMES J. MILLER. WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER,

RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and All orders thankfully received and promptly attend-

WM. S. ANDERSON, Frederick city, Md., ed to. Address J. W. McGINNIS, Agent, Charlestown, Va., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent,
January 11, 1853. Harpers-Ferry, Va. CHARLES B. HARDING,

WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoum. Office, No. 1, Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia. September 23, 1852. CASH FOR NEGROES:

I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NEboys, girls and families, for which I will give the high-est cash prices.

Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will re-seive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. L. Campbell, No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McDOWELL,

Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell.

Winchester, July 7, 1851—19

CASH FOR NEGROES. THOSE persons having Negroes for sale, can get the highest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to. C. G. BRAGG.

July 15, 1851.

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. HAVING rented the Brick Warehouse, at Shepherdstown, and made arrangements I am prepared to pay the highest Cash Prices for WHEAT, CORN, &c., upon delivery.

I will also keep constantly on hand PLASTER, FISH, SALT, &c., in exchange for Country Produce, or sell at low cash prices, and I will forward any produce to the District or Alexandria at the usual prices.

August 23, 1853—tf C. W. LUCAS.

PERSONS indebted to Thomas G. Rawlins & Co.,
Thomas Rawlins and Thos. Rawlins & Son, if they
wish to save Cost had better call and pay. We are
owing money and it is impossible for us to pay unless
we are paid.
THOMAS RAWLINS.
September 13, 1853.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been elected and qualified as Constable for District No 2, in Clarke county, offers his services to public for the collection of all claims, placed in his hands, according to law or on commission, and assures those who may entrust their business to his care that no efforts on his part will be spared to render satisfaction. All claims will be paid over as soon as collected. spared to render satisfaction over as soon as collected. HENRY D. HOOE. Berryville, August 2, 1853.

A NOTHER SUPPLY of Fashionable Clothing
A from Philadelphia will arrive in a day or two, to
which particular attention is called.
Dec'r 13, 1853
ISAAC ROSE.

ADIES DRESS GOODS.—All Wool de Laines,
Printed Parish de Lainess, Merinos, Alpacas,
Sack Flannel of all colors.

L HOOFF. HERRING AND MACKEREL.—A fresh supp.
sale by (Oct. 18.) R. H. BROWN. WHITE AND BUFF MARSEILLES VESTS,
Silk, Gingham and Linen Coats, White Linen
Pants, and other sensonable Goods, in the greatest variety, at ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store.

Patent Medicines. WILL YOU READ THE TRUTH. MEDICINE must have merit and great merit, to A stand the test of public opinion. No art of man can galvanise a worthless articles as to keep it up as a good medicine, if it be not really so.

A good medicine will live, become popular, and extend its sales year after year, in spite of opposition.—
The people readily find out its virtues, and the fame of them passes from mouth to mouth with more rapidity than newspapers can spread it. A Living Witness testifying to the cure a medicine has made for him, is of far more service than any newspaper advertising.

for him, is of far more service than any newspaper advertising.

In proof of what we say above, we refer you to HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, and its effects. Its praise is in the mouths of multitudes. The best men in our country give their testimony to its wonderful cures. Among them we name Hon. H. Clay, Hon. Richard M. Johnson, Vice President of the United States, with hundreds of others. Capt. Thos. Canot—brother to the celebrated physician of the Emperor of France—was cured by it of a disease of seven years' standing after the skill of all the Doctors of Europe and America had failed to cure.

In fact, the rich and the poor, young and old, in In fact, the rich and the poor, young and old, in every place, in the city and country, find that the

same success attends its use.
TRUTH IS MIGHTY. A Plain and Unvarnished Statement.
We commend the perusal of the extract below to
our readers. Mr. Bull is a merchant of high character.
SANDY BOTTOM, Middlesex County, Va., }

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gents: You may think it strange that I have taken the liberty to write you this letter, but I do so under circumstances that justify it. As you are the Agents for Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, I deem it expedient to address you this note, hoping it may be a part of the honorable means of giving this medicine that notoriety which its merits deserve.

Reing in the babit of vestion we like the second of the contraction of the babit of vestion we like the second of the second of the land of the Being in the habit of vending medicines which re-Being in the habit of vending medicines which relatit to the patent, and regular system, I consider myself to some extent, a judge of the real merits of many of them. My experience teaches me that "Hampton's Tincture" is a medicine of real merit and intrinsic value. When I say this, I do not say that it is an infallible cure, in all cases, but I mean to say that "Hampton's Tincture" will favorably operate in all diseases originating from a want of proper secretiens of the gastric juices, bad digestion, and consequently bad deposit of animal matter from that source. I believe that the meany diseases located in various parts of

had deposit of animai matter from that source. I be-lieve that many diseases located in various parts of the system, such as inflammation, Ulcers, Scrofula, etc., originally have their being in the stomach, from badfood, bad digestion, and consequently bad deposi-tions of the circulation to those parts; and I will be-lieve Hampton's Vegetable Tincture will even react these causes.

Having found out, myself, what it is, I recommend it to others in such cases, as I have described, and I have done it upon the "no cure no pay system," and I have yet to have the first bottle returned, or the first

I have yet to have the first bottle returned, or the first objection about the pay. It is a great pity it cannot be more extensively circulated among the people. \*

\* I warrant it in the following cases:—Gout, Rheumatism, Inflammations which proceeds from the stomach, Sores, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, long standing cases of Ague and Fever; first stop the chill, and then give the Tincture—the difficulty in this case is not in stopping the chill, but the return of it, this the Tincture will certainly do. In general debilitations, I warrant it, and as I said before, I have procured a trial of it in this way, which otherwise I could not; the people have been humbugged by patent medicines so long, that they are afraid of all. This is clearly a stomach medicine, it works all its wonders there, and in all such cases it is a specific, if anything in the in all such cases it is a specific, if anything in the

Having given the Tincture a fair trial with myself, in my family and neighborhood, I think I am warranted in what I say about it, and which I do without any other interest than the wish to see it in general circulation, and in every man's family, where it ought to

be.

If what I say be doubted by any of the afflicted, and they will write to me at Sandy Bottom Post office, Middlesex county, Va., stating the nature of the disease, and I recommend it for such a case I will warrant it, and if it don't do good I will pay for the medicine.

Respectfully,

THOS. R. BULL. licine. Respectfully, THOS. R. BULL. Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.
Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, &c.—From the Metropolis.—Pass it around—let the afflicted hear the tidings! This is but the sentiment of thousands: Washington, May 17, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: Hav-ng been afflicted with the Liver Complaint of ten years standing, I hereby, for the benefit of the afflicted, take pleasure in announcing that after using a few bottles of your Hampton's Tincture, I found it had accomplished a perfect cure. I have used different medicines from time to time, but have never been able to account for any apparent good, and it is a blessing to stricken humanity that that medicine is found which possesses the wonderous power of prolonging human life. The many cures it has wrought is a sufficient gnarantee of the beneficial results which may be experienced from its use. Yours, respectfully.

More than Gold to the Sick.—From one of the most respectable Druggists in South Carolina. erienced from its use.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 21, 1853. Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray :- The sale of your Hampton's Vegetable Tincture is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valuable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our planters have tried it in different cases with astonishing success, and are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to be the greatest remedy for Rheumatic Affections, and a wonderful cure has been performed on a negro boy suffering by Fits. I will furnish you with a number of certificates if you wish them.
Please send me, soon as possible, a supply of the

I am gentlemen, yours, W. G. TROTT. Hundreds in this city will bear same testimony.
Delicate females and children will find this a great
remedy. Also, see cures of Coughs, Dyspepsia,
Scrofula, &c. MORTIMER & MOWERAY, Cure of Coughs, Vertigo, Rheumatism.—Cure of

the venerable Dr. Dunn's son, of the city of Baltimore, a man well knewn, and whose testimony adds to the triumph of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture:

BALTIMORE, Feb. 9, 1852.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: It is with real pleasure that I am able to attest to the general healing and curative powers of Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. Some time during last November, I was taken with a very bad and scrious cough. I was advised to take Cod Liver Oil, and did so, but getting no better, I was induced to try your Tincture—I got one bottle, and before I had taken it all, my cough oft me. Permit me also to state, that for the last fifteen years I have suffered very much from acute Rheumatism and Vertigo, confining meat times to my bed. I am fully convinced that I owe my present good health to the use of the Tincture, and a kind Provi-

You are, my friend, at liberty to use this as you may think proper, and believe me,
Yours very respectfully,
N. B.—I can be seen at any time at the Mayor's Office.

Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.

HAMPION'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.—Call and get painphlets gratis, with history of discovery of the wonderful Blood Purifier, and see certificates of our own citizens, of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, General Weakness, and Nervous-ness, &c., &c.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. ir-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Baltimore st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York. Call and get a pamphlet gratis.
L. M. SMITH, Charlestown,

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry. L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown. And by Dealers every where.

SCHOOL BOOKS. A LARGE assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS, just received, including Playfair's Euclid; Parke's Arithmetic; 1st Reader; Pike's 4th 5th do. Smith's do Comly's Speller; Smith's Grammar: Haren's Speller & Definer Webster's quarto Dict'y;
Do royal octave do.
Smith's Geog'y and Atlas;
Mitchell's do do Davies' first Lessons Davies' Arithmetic; Algebra; Onley's do Smith's quarto Surveying; Legendre; Analytical Geom-Morse's do do Herschell's Astronomy; etry;
Elementary do. Herschell's Astronomy;
Manual of Elecution and Gummere's Surveying; Oratory.

With every variety of Miscellaneous articles fo Schools, including Paper, Pens, Pen-Holders, Ink, Inkstands, Copy Books, Slates, Slate Pencils. For sole low by sale low by Charlestown, August 30, 1853. L. M. SMITH. DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS,
DYE-STUFFS,
Fancy Articles, Perfumery, &c.

M. SMITH keeps constantly on hand a very M. SMITH Reeps constantly on mand a call large and fresh assortment of Drugs, &c.;
White Lead, ground and dry; Oils of all kinds;
Toilet and Shaving Soaps; Shaving Cream;
Sapophene; Barry's Tricopherous;
Hauel's Eau Lustrale; Wright's ditto; And other Preparations for the hair; Perfumery of every kind;
Lubin's Genuine Extract; Wright's Extracts.
All of which are warranted to be of the best quality and which will be sold at reasonable rates. Charlestown, January 11, 1853.

BELL HANGING. I AM prepared to furnish and hang BELLS of all kinds, and in the latest and most approved manner. Respectable reference given, if required. Orders left at Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, will be romptly executed. P. Charlestown, September 13, 1853. LWAYS on hand, a good supply of the best FLOUR,

A for sale by Oct. 18, 1853. PICKLES, PICKLES. HAVE just received 10,000 superior Cucumb Pickles, and for sale at 75 cents per hundred. Nov. 8

J. F. RLESSING. Nov. 8

WHO WANTS CLOTHING?

ISAAC ROSE having himself blocked up in the cheap
store with READY-MADE CLOTHING, is bound to sacrifice a great part of them to get room to breathe.—
All kinds of country produce, such as good Bank
notes, Gold, Silver and Copper coins, taken at the
highest market price in exchange.

Nov'r 22, 1853

RAPPELS BARRELS.

25 OR 30 Etherial Oil Barrels, on hand of sale cheap, by Oct. 11.

L. M. SMITH. JUST RECEIVED,

2 BARRELS OF CRANBERRIES; a large lot of
Figs, Dates, Raisins, Almonds, &c.
Nov 8

J. F. BLESSING.

BLAKE'S PATENT Fire-Proof PAINT.

The subscriber has received a large supply of this valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the most reasonable rates.

Charlestown, November 16, 185.

GOOD MEDICINES.

Stabler's Anadyne Cherry Expectorant
For Couchs, Colds Bronchins, Croup, Se.
STABLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIALy
THE valuable medicines above named, are not empirical, but are prepared in agreement with the experience of some of the most learned and judicious practitioners, and are not secret, further than is necessary to protect the proprietors and those who use them from loss and imposition, as the component parts have been made known, confidentially, from time to time, to perhaps 560 Physicians!!! in Maryland, Virginia, Districtof Columbia, Ohio, and other places, all of techon, without a single exception, have approved of the formula, and most of them acknowledge that they are the best remedics that they have ever known for the cure of the diseases for which they are recommended. Our confidence in the excellence of them medicines, added to our desire to avoid the just prejudice of the medical profession against secret and questionstrums, induced us to adopt this candid course. We append a few of the notices we have received from Physicians:

From Dr. Wm. H. Ferrow, Snowhill, Md.

Gentlemes—I have frequently in my practice prescribed your "Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant" and "Diarrhea Cordial," with great satisfaction to myself, and to the entire relief of such diseases as they profess to cure. I consider them happy combinations of some of our most valuable and sale therapeutical agents, and must be of infinite worth to the afflicted and mankind at large. In furnishing the medical profession with these active and concentrated preparations, so convenient for administration, and of a standard quality, you have rendered them an eminent service, and I can do no less than cornestly recommend these preparations to practitioners, and especially in the country, where the impurity of commercial Drues is one of the greatest obstacles to the success of the Physician.

Dr. W. S. Love, writes to us that he basadministered the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Errochitis for fourteen years, and thatside is fast recov STABLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIAL

From Dr. Danl. W. Jones, Somerset Co., Md. "I have given your Expectorant and Diarrhea Cor-dial a fair trial, and am delighted with their effects,

shall take pleasure in recommending them.

We have been favored with a written certificate, Me have been lavored with a written ceremetate, in Maryland, Virginia and Ohio, which alone should convince the most doubting, that these are really "Good Medicines;" after stating that they are acquainted with the composition of both the Expectorant and Cordial and they they have acquainted that they are acquainted with the composition of both the Expectorant and Cordial and they have been sent than they have been sent than they are acquainted than the state of the sent than they have been sent than they have been sent than they are acquainted them to their dial, and that they have administered them to their patients, they testify "that they are remedies of great value, safe, efficient and well worthy of the patronage of the Profession and the Public, that they are more reliable than any other proprietary medicines with which we are acquainted," &c.

The above notices of recommendation from members of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high standing, and Merchants of the first respectability, should be sufficient to satisfy all, that these medicines are worthy of trial by the afflicted, and that they are
of a different stamp and class from the "Quackery"
and "Cure-All" so much imposed upon the public.

See the descriptive Pamphlets, to be had gratis of
all who have the medicines for sale, containing recom-

Son, PAYNE, HANDY, LOVE, &c.

For sale by Druggists, Apothecaries and Country
Store keepers generally, at the low price of Fifty centa
per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50. per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50.

E. H. STABLER & CO.,

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Importers of English, French and German Drugs, Deal-

mendations from Doctors Martin, Baltzell, Appl

Agent at Charlestown, A. WILSON,
AGENT at Harpers-Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND,
AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL,
And Loudoun Merchants generally, [Jan. 10, 1854.

And Loudoun Merchants generally, [Jan. 10, 1854.

MARRIAGE, HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

Why Is IT? That we behold many females, scarce
in the meridian of life, broken in health and
spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments,
depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life
at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits,
and happy screnity of mind, arising from a condition,
of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps
years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first
years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to
pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,
When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we
look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences
of our ignorance.

of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed.
IT IS MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still—not incurred IF EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER IF EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume,
(within the reach of all) which would spare to herselt

YEARS OF MISERY,

And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of
mind, necess "ily devolving upon him from sickness
of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that competence which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the
happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the
want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of
thousands.

thousands.

In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that know-ledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, be the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work activities.

tle work entitled The Married Woman's PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION.

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Professor of Diseases of Woman.

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New York, April 19, 1853—6m

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